

# N-cadherin (K-20): sc-31030

## BACKGROUND

Cadherins comprise a family of  $Ca^{2+}$ -dependent adhesion molecules that function to mediate cell-cell binding critical to the maintenance of tissue structure and morphogenesis. The classical cadherins, E-, N- and P-cadherin, consist of large extracellular domains characterized by a series of five homologous  $NH_2$ -terminal repeats. The most distal of these cadherins is thought to be responsible for binding specificity, transmembrane domains and carboxy-terminal intracellular domains. The relatively short intracellular domains interact with a variety of cytoplasmic proteins, such as  $\beta$ -catenin, to regulate cadherin function. Members of this family of adhesion proteins include rat cadherin K (and its human homolog, cadherin-6), R-cadherin, B-cadherin, E/P-cadherin and cadherin-5.

## REFERENCES

1. Takeichi, M. 1988. The cadherins: cell-cell adhesion molecules controlling animal morphogenesis. *Development* 102: 639-655.
2. Hatta, M., et al. 1991. Genomic organization and chromosomal mapping of the mouse P-cadherin gene. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 19: 4437-4441.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CDH2 (human) mapping to 18q12.1, CDH4 (human) mapping to 20q13.33; Cdh2 (mouse) mapping to 18 A1, Cdh4 (mouse) mapping to 2 H4.

## SOURCE

N-cadherin (K-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within a C-terminal cytoplasmic domain of N-cadherin of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-31030 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## APPLICATIONS

N-cadherin (K-20) is recommended for detection of N-cadherin, and to a lesser extent, R-cadherin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

N-cadherin (K-20) is also recommended for detection of N-cadherin, and to a lesser extent, R-cadherin in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

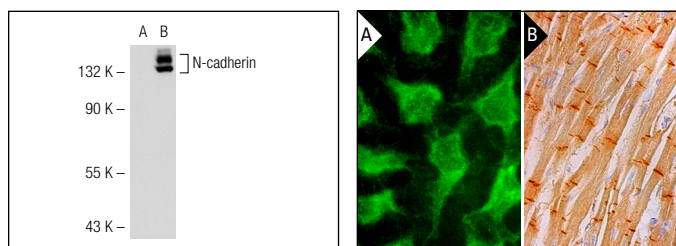
Molecular Weight of N-cadherin: 130 kDa.

Positive Controls: PC-12 cell lysate: sc-2250, A-10 cell lysate: sc-3806 or N-cadherin (m): 293T Lysate: sc-121905.

## RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2053 or ABC: sc-2023 goat IgG Staining Systems.

## DATA



N-cadherin (K-20): sc-31030. Western blot analysis of N-cadherin expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse N-cadherin transfected: sc-121905 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

N-cadherin (K-20): sc-31030. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing membrane localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human heart muscle tissue showing cytoplasmic and intercalated disc staining of myocytes (B).

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. De Amicis, F., et al. 2013. Epigallocatechin gallate inhibits growth and epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition in human thyroid carcinoma cell lines. *J. Cell. Physiol.* 228: 2054-2062.
2. Festuccia, C., et al. 2014. Antitumor effects of saffron-derived carotenoids in prostate cancer cell models. *Biomed Res. Int.* 2014: 135048.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **\*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\***. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.