GluR-4 (H-20): sc-31394



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Glutamate receptors mediate most excitatory neurotransmission in the brain and play an important role in neural plasticity, neural development and neurodegeneration. Ionotropic glutamate receptors are categorized into NMDA receptors and kainate/AMPA receptors, both of which contain glutamategated, cation-specific ion channels. Kainate/AMPA receptors are co-localized with NMDA receptors in many synapses and consist of seven structurally related subunits designated GluR-1 to -7. The kainate/AMPA receptors are primarily responsible for the fast excitatory neuro-transmission by glutamate, whereas the NMDA receptors are functionally characterized by a slow kinetic and a high permeability for Ca²+ ions. The NMDA receptors consist of five subunits: ϵ 1, 2, 3, 4 and one ζ subunit. The ζ subunit is expressed throughout the brainstem, whereas the four ϵ subunits display limited distribution.

REFERENCES

- Choi, D.W., et al. 1990. The role of glutamate neurotoxicity in hypoxicischemic neuronal death. Annu. Rev. Neurosci. 13: 171-182.
- Nakanishi, S. 1992. Molecular diversity of glutamate receptors and implications for brain function. Science 258: 597-603.
- Stern, P., et al. 1992. Fast and slow components of unitary EPSCs on stellate cells elicited by focal stimulation in slices of rat visual cortex. J. Physiol. 449: 247-278.
- 4. Bliss, T.V., et al. 1993. A synaptic model of memory: long-term potentiation in the hippocampus. Nature 361: 31-39.
- Hollmann, M., et al. 1994. Cloned glutamate receptors. Annu. Rev. Neurosci. 17: 31-108.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GRIA4 (human) mapping to 11q22.3; Gria4 (mouse) mapping to 9 A1.

SOURCE

GluR-4 (H-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an N-terminal extracellular domain of GluR-4 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-31394 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

GluR-4 (H-20) is recommended for detection of GluR-4 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

GluR-4 (H-20) is also recommended for detection of GluR-4 in additional species, including canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for GluR-4 siRNA (h): sc-35491, GluR-4 siRNA (m): sc-35492, GluR-4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35491-SH, GluR-4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35492-SH, GluR-4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35491-V and GluR-4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35492-V.

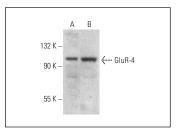
Molecular Weight of GluR-4: 108 kDa.

Positive Controls: rat cerebellum extract: sc-2398 or mouse brain extract: sc-2253.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



GluR-4 (H-20): sc-31394. Western blot analysis of GluR-4 expression in rat cerebellum (**A**) and mouse brain (**B**) tissue extracts.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Try **GluR-4 (F-9): sc-271894**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to GluR-4 (H-20).