## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# NMDA<sub>2</sub> (H-20): sc-31545



#### BACKGROUND

Glutamate receptors mediate most excitatory neurotransmission in the brain and play an important role in neural plasticity, neural development and neurodegeneration. Ionotropic glutamate receptors are categorized into NMDA receptors and kainate/AMPA receptors, both of which contain glutamate-gated, cation-specific ion channels. Kainate/AMPA receptors are co-localized with NMDA receptors in many synapses and consist of seven structurally related subunits designated GluR-1 to -7. The kainate/AMPA receptors are primarily responsible for the fast excitatory neuro-transmission by glutamate, whereas the NMDA receptors exhibit slow kinetsis of Ca<sup>2+</sup> ions and a high permeability for Ca<sup>2+</sup> ions. The NMDA receptors consist of five subunits:  $\varepsilon$  1, 2, 3, 4 and one  $\zeta$  subunit. The  $\zeta$  subunit is expressed throughout the brainstem whereas the four epsilon subunits display limited distribution.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Choi, D.W., et al. 1990. The role of glutamate neurotoxicity in hypoxicischemic neuronal death. Annu. Rev. Neurosci. 13: 171-182.
- 2. Nakanishi, S. 1992. Molecular diversity of glutamate receptors and implications for brain function. Science 258: 597-603.
- 3. Stern, P., et al. 1992. Fast and slow components of unitary EPSCs on stellate cells elicited by focal stimulation in slices of rat visual cortex. J. Physiol. 449: 247-278.
- 4. Bliss, T.V., et al. 1993, A synaptic model of memory: long-term potentiation in the hippocampus. Nature 361: 31-39.
- 5. Watanabe, M., et al. 1994. Distinct distributions of five NMDA receptor channel subunit mRNAs in the brainsteam. J. Comp. Neurol. 343: 520-531.
- 6. Hollmann, M., et al. 1994. Cloned glutamate receptors. Annu. Rev. Neurosci. 17: 31-108.
- 7. Schiffer, H.H., et al. 1997. Rat GluR7 and a carboxy-terminal splice variant, GluR7 $\beta$  are functional kainate receptor subunits with a low sensitivity to glutamate. Neuron 19: 1141-1146.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GRIN2B (human) mapping to 12p13.1; Grin2b (mouse) mapping to 6 G1.

#### SOURCE

NMDA<sub>2</sub> (H-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an N-terminal extracellular domain of NMDA<sub>E</sub>2 of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-31543 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **APPLICATIONS**

NMDAc2 (H-20) is recommended for detection of glutamate (NMDA) receptor subtype epsilon 2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

NMDA<sub>2</sub> (H-20) is also recommended for detection of glutamate (NMDA) receptor subtype epsilon 2 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for NMDA<sub>E</sub>2 siRNA (h): sc-36085, NMDAE2 siRNA (m): sc-36086, NMDAE2 siRNA (r): sc-270104, NMDAE2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36085-SH, NMDAE2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36086-SH, NMDA<sub>2</sub> shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-270104-SH, NMDA<sub>2</sub> shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36085-V, NMDA<sub>E</sub>2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36086-V and NMDA<sub>E</sub>2 shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270104-V.

Molecular Weight of NMDA<sub>2</sub>: 178 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse brain extract: sc-2253 or rat brain extract: sc-2392.

### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

# MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try NMDA<sub>2</sub> (A-8): sc-365597, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to NMDA<sub>2</sub>2 (H-20). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 and Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 conjugates, see NMDAc2 (A-8): sc-365597.