# CKR-2 (N-14): sc-31563



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

C-C or  $\beta$ -chemokine family members are characterized by a pair of adjacent cysteine residues and serve as potent chemoattractants and activators of monocytes and T cells. C-C chemokine receptor family members include, CKR-1, CKR-2A, CKR-2B, CKR-3, CKR-4, CKR-5, CKR-6, CKR-7 and the Duffy blood group antigen. Each of these receptors are G protein-coupled, seven pass transmembrane domain proteins whose major physiological role is to function in the chemotaxis of T cells and phagocytic cells to areas of inflammation. However, this receptor family has also been shown to facilitate viral infection. Termed a "co-receptor", CKR-5, along with CD4, has been shown to be a major receptor for HIV. CKR-5 tends to associate with macrophage-tropic viruses, such as macrophage tropic HIV-1, while CKR-2B and CKR-3 bind a minority of viruses.

# **REFERENCES**

- Schweickart, V.L., et al. 1994. Cloning of human and mouse EBI1, a lymphoid-specific G protein-coupled receptor encoded on human chromosome 17q12-q21.2. Genomics 23: 643-650.
- 2. Deng, H., et al. 1996. Identification of a major co-receptor for primary isolates of HIV-1. Nature 381: 661-666.
- Dragic, T., et al. 1996. HIV-1 entry into CD4+ cells is mediated by the chemokine receptor CC-CKR-5. Nature 381: 667-673.
- Feng, Y., et al. 1996. HIV-1 entry cofactor: functional cDNA cloning of a seven-transmembrane, G protein-coupled receptor. Science 272: 872-877.
- 5. Alkhatib, G., et al. 1996. CC-CKR5: a RANTES, MIP-1 $\alpha$ , MIP-1 $\beta$  receptor as a fusion cofactor for macrophage-tropic HIV-1. Science 272: 1955-1958.
- 6. Choe, H., et al. 1996. The  $\beta$ -chemokine receptors CCR3 and CCR5 facilitate infection by primary HIV-1 isolates. Cell 85: 1135-1148.
- 7. Doranz, B.J., et al. 1996. A dual-tropic primary HIV-1 isolate that uses fusin and the  $\beta$ -chemokine receptors CKR-5, CKR-3, and CKR-2B as fusion cofactors. Cell 85: 1149-1158.
- 8. Baba, M., et al. 1997. Identification of CCR6, the specific receptor for a novel lymphocyte-directed C-C chemokine LARC. J. Biol. Chem. 272: 14893-14898.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Ccr2 (mouse) mapping to 9 F.

# SOURCE

CKR-2 (N-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an N-terminal extracellular domain of CKR-2 of mouse origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-31563 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **APPLICATIONS**

CKR-2 (N-14) is recommended for detection of CKR-2 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1–2  $\mu$ g per 100–500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CKR-2 siRNA (m): sc-44766, CKR-2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-44766-SH and CKR-2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44766-V.

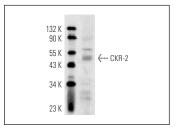
Molecular Weight of CKR-2: 47 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse spleen extract: sc-2391.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## DATA



CKR-2 (N-14): sc-31563. Western blot analysis of CKR-2 expression in mouse spleen tissue extract.

### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

1. Deng, Y.Y., et al. 2009. Monocyte chemoattractant protein-1 (MCP-1) produced via NF $\kappa$ B signaling pathway mediates migration of amoeboid microglia in the periventricular white matter in hypoxic neonatal rats. Glia 57: 604-621.

# STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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