14-3-3 γ (L-17): sc-31957



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

14-3-3 proteins regulate many cellular processes relevant to cancer biology, notably apoptosis, mitogenic signaling and cell-cycle checkpoints. Seven isoforms comprise this family of signaling intermediates, denoted 14-3-3 $\beta,\gamma,\epsilon,\zeta,\eta,\theta$ and σ . 14-3-3 proteins form dimers that present two binding sites for ligand proteins, thereby bringing together two proteins that may not otherwise associate. These ligands largely share a 14-3-3 consensus binding motif and exhibit serine/threonine phosphorylation. 14-3-3 proteins function in broad regulation of these ligand proteins, by cytoplasmic sequestration, occupation of interaction domains and import/export sequences, prevention of degradation, activation/repression of enzymatic activity and facilitation of protein modification, and thus loss of expression contributes to a vast array of pathogenic cellular activities.

REFERENCES

- 1. Morrison, D. 1994. 14-3-3: modulators of signaling proteins? Science 266: 56-57.
- 2. Horie, M., et al. 1999. Cloning, expression, and chromosomal mapping of the human 14-3-3 γ gene (YWHAG) to 7q11.23. Genomics 60: 241-243.
- Autieri, M.V., et al. 1999. 14-3-3 γ interacts with and is phosphorylated by multiple protein kinase C isoforms in PDGF-stimulated human vascular smooth muscle cells. DNA Cell Biol. 18: 555-564.
- 4. Parvaresch, S., et al. 2002. 14-3-3 binding to the IGF-1 receptor is mediated by serine autophosphorylation. FEBS Lett. 532: 357-362.
- Li, Y., et al. 2002. Regulation of TSC2 by 14-3-3 binding. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 44593-44596.
- Yu, T., et al. 2002. The 4.1/ezrin/radixin/moesin domain of the DAL-1/ Protein 4.1B tumour suppressor interacts with 14-3-3 proteins. Biochem. J. 365: 783-789.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: YWHAG (human) mapping to 7q11.23, YWHAZ (human) mapping to 8q22.3; Ywhag (mouse) mapping to 5 G2, Ywhaz (mouse) mapping to 15 B3.1.

SOURCE

14-3-3 γ (L-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of 14-3-3 γ of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-31957 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

14-3-3 γ (L-17) is recommended for detection of 14-3-3 γ and, to a lesser extent, 14-3-3 ζ of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

14-3-3 γ (L-17) is also recommended for detection of 14-3-3 γ and, to a lesser extent, 14-3-3 ζ in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

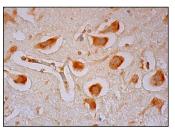
Molecular Weight of 14-3-3 y: 33 kDa.

Positive Controls: K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203, NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210 or U-937 cell lysate: sc-2239.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 3) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2053 or ABC: sc-2023 goat IgG Staining Systems.

DATA



14-3-3 y (L-17): sc-31957. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human hippocampus tissue showing cytoplasmic and nuclear staining of neuronal cells and dial cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try 14-3-3 γ (D-6): sc-398423 or 14-3-3 γ (6A1): sc-69955, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to 14-3-3 γ (L-17).