

CKR-4 (K-14): sc-32133

BACKGROUND

C-C or β chemokine family members are characterized by a pair of adjacent cysteine residues and serve as potent chemoattractants and activators of monocytes and T cells. C-C chemokine receptor family members include CKR-1, CKR-2A, CKR-2B, CKR-3, CKR-4, CKR-5, CKR-6, CKR-7, CKR-8, CKR-9, CKR-10 and the Duffy blood group antigen. Each of these receptors are G protein-coupled, seven pass transmembrane domain proteins whose major physiological role is to function in the chemotaxis of T cells and phagocytic cells to areas of inflammation. However, this receptor family has also been shown to facilitate viral infection. CKR-4 (C-C chemokine receptor type 4), also known as CCR4 or CMKBR4, is a 360 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that localizes to the cell membrane and belongs to the C-C chemokine receptor family. Expressed at high levels in peripheral blood leukocytes and thymus tissue, CKR-4 functions as a high affinity receptor for C-C type chemokines and is thought to be involved in hippocampal-neuron survival.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CCR4 (human) mapping to 3p22.3; Ccr4 (mouse) mapping to 9 F3.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

SOURCE

CKR-4 (K-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an N-terminal extracellular domain of CKR-4 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-32132 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

CKR-4 (K-14) is recommended for detection of CKR-4 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

CKR-4 (K-14) is also recommended for detection of CKR-4 in additional species, including canine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for CKR-4 siRNA (h): sc-39886, CKR-4 siRNA (M): sc-39887, CKR-4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39886-SH, CKR-4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39887-SH, CKR-4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39886-V and CKR-4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39887-V.

Molecular Weight of CKR-4: 41 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.


 MONOS
 Satisfaction
 Guaranteed

Try **CKR-4 (G-2): sc-377357**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to CKR-4 (K-14).