# p-NF-H (RNF405): sc-32730



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

Neurofilament-H (for neurofilament heavy polypeptide, or NF-H), a member of the intermediate filament family, is a major component of neuronal cytoskeletons. Neurofilaments are dynamic structures; they contain phosphorylation sites for a large number of protein kinases, including protein kinase A, protein kinase C, cyclin-dependent kinase 5, extracellular signal regulated kinase, glycogen synthase kinase-3, and stress-activated protein kinase  $\gamma$ . In addition to their role in the control of axon caliber, neurofilaments may affect other cytoskeletal elements, such as microtubules and Actin filaments. Changes in neurofilament phosphorylation or metabolism are frequently observed in neurodegenerative diseases, including amotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Parkinson's disease, and Alzheimer's disease.

### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: NEFH (human) mapping to 22q12.2; Nefh (mouse) mapping to 11 A1.

#### **SOURCE**

p-NF-H (RNF405) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a neurofilament NF-H protein isolated from a cytoskeletal preparation from brain tissue homogenate of calf origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \ lgG_{2a}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

p-NF-H (RNF405) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-32730 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-32730 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-32730 PE), fluorescein (sc-32730 FITC), Alexa Fluor\* 488 (sc-32730 AF488), Alexa Fluor\* 546 (sc-32730 AF546), Alexa Fluor\* 594 (sc-32730 AF594) or Alexa Fluor\* 647 (sc-32730 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor\* 680 (sc-32730 AF680) or Alexa Fluor\* 790 (sc-32730 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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### **APPLICATIONS**

p-NF-H (RNF405) is recommended for detection of phosphorylated NF-H of mouse, rat, human, *Xenopus laevis* and bovine origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for NF-H siRNA (h): sc-42068, NF-H siRNA (m): sc-42069, NF-H shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42068-SH, NF-H shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42069-SH, NF-H shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42068-V and NF-H shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42069-V.

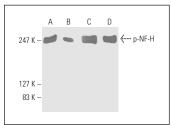
Molecular Weight of p-NF-H: 200 kDa.

Positive Controls: rat cerebellum extract: sc-2398, rat brain extract: sc-2392 or mouse brain extract: sc-2253.

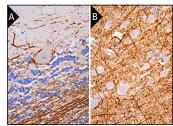
### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto B Blocking Reagent: sc-2335 (use 50 mM NaF, sc-24988, as diluent), Lambda Phosphatase: sc-200312A and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

### **DATA**



p-NF-H (RNF405): sc-32730. Western blot analysis of NF-H phosphorylation in rat brain ( $\mathbf{A}$ ), mouse brain ( $\mathbf{B}$ ), rat cerebellum ( $\mathbf{C}$ ) and mouse cerebellum ( $\mathbf{D}$ ) tissue extracts



p-NF-H (RNF405): sc-32730. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human cerebellum tissue showing membrane staining of Purkinje cells and neuropil staining (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded rat brain tissue showing neuropil staining (B).

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- 1. Nciri, R., et al. 2015. Cytoskeleton involvement in lithium-induced SH-SY5Y neuritogenesis and the role of glycogen synthase kinase  $3\beta$ . Aging Clin. Exp. Res. 27: 255-263.
- 2. Mu, J., et al. 2022. Ketogenic diet protects myelin and axons in diffuse axonal injury. Nutr. Neurosci. 25: 1534-1547.
- Espinoza, K.S., et al. 2023. A novel HSPB1S139F mouse model of Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease. Prostaglandins Other Lipid Mediat. 169: 106769.
- Yu, Q., et al. 2023. C1q is essential for myelination in the central nervous system (CNS). iScience 26: 108518.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.