## BACKGROUND

Antibody producing cells of the immune system require multiple rearrangements of immunoglobulin (antibody, Ig) genes. Immunoglobulins are fourchain, $Y$-shaped, monomeric structures of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains held together through interchain disulfide bonds. Immunoglobulins in vertebrates help to remove non-self molecules or cells (antigens) by recognizing and binding to the antigen and carrying out effector functions that activate the immune system. Variable genetic combinations of the five heavy chain classes ( $M, D, G, E$ and $A$ ) and the two light chain isotypes, $\kappa$ and $\lambda$, confer the role of an antibody. The variable region genes encoding immunoglobulin $\kappa$ and $\lambda$ chains are assembled from three DNA segments, the $\mathrm{V}, \mathrm{C}$ and J genes. Human $\kappa$ light chain genes map to chromosome 2 and the human $\lambda$ light chain genes map to chromosome 22. к gene recombination can precede $\lambda$ gene recombination during $B$-cell ontogeny and only a single light chain type is expressed in individual $B$ cells. Antibodies in camels and sharks can lack light chain, suggesting that light chain may not be essential for antigen binding in some vertebrates.

## REFERENCES

1. Hieter, P.A., et al. 1980. Cloned human and mouse $\kappa$ immunoglobulin constant and J region genes conserve homology in functional segments. Cell 22: 197-207.
2. Hieter, P.A., et al. 1982. Evolution of human immunoglobulin $\kappa \mathrm{J}$ region genes. J. Biol. Chem. 257: 1516-1522.
3. Durdik, J., et al. 1984. Novel $\kappa$ light-chain gene rearrangements in mouse $\lambda$ light chain-producing B lymphocytes. Nature 307: 749-752.
4. Pilstrom, L. 2002. The mysterious immunoglobulin light chain. Dev. Comp. Immunol. 26: 207-215.
5. LocusLink Report (LocusID: 3514). http://www.ncbi.nIm.nih.gov/LocusLink/

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Igl-V1 (mouse) mapping to 16 A3.

## SOURCE

$\lg \lambda$ chain (M-110) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids $1-110$ representing full length $\lg \lambda$ chain of mouse origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains $200 \mu \mathrm{~g} \operatorname{lgG}$ in 1.0 ml of PBS with $<0.1 \%$ sodium azide and $0.1 \%$ gelatin.

## STORAGE

Store at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}_{1}{ }^{* *}$ DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

## APPLICATIONS

$\lg \lambda$ chain ( $\mathrm{M}-110$ ) is recommended for detection of $\lg \lambda$ chain of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation $[1-2 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ per $100-500 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ of total protein ( 1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of $\lg \lambda$ chain: $25-30 \mathrm{kDa}$.
Positive Controls: WEHI-231 whole cell lysate: sc-2213.

## RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz MarkerTM compatible goat antirabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 ( 0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## DATA


$\lg \lambda$ chain (M-110): sc-33135. Western blot analysis of $\lg \lambda$ chain expression in WEHI-231 whole cell lysate.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Try $\lg \boldsymbol{\lambda}$ chain (E-7): sc-390374, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to $\lg \lambda$ chain ( $\mathrm{M}-110$ ).

