

Orexin-A/B (A-14): sc-33339

BACKGROUND

The hypothalamus is essential for maintaining homeostasis by integrating the vertebrate endocrine and nervous systems, thereby controlling temperature, thirst and hunger. Orexin-A and Orexin-B (also designated hypocretins) are hypothalamic neuropeptides that are derived from a single precursor, prepro-orexin, by proteolytic processing. These peptides bind to and activate two closely related, G protein-coupled receptors, designated Orexin receptor-1 and Orexin receptor-2. Orexin-A protein and prepro-orexin mRNA are localized to neurons within the lateral section of the hypothalamus, designated the "feeding center". Prepro-orexin mRNA is up-regulated during fasting, suggesting that orexins may play a role in the central feedback mechanism that regulates feeding behavior. Orexin has been shown to increase the release of GABA and glutamate from axons, a response seen as a result of most synaptic activities in the hypothalamic region.

REFERENCES

1. Campbell, N. 1990. *Biology*, 2nd edition Redwood City: The Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Company, Inc., 916-921.
2. Sakurai, T., et al. 1998. Orexins and orexin receptors: a family of hypothalamic neuropeptides and G protein-coupled receptors that regulate feeding behavior. *Cell* 92: 573-585.
3. de Lecea, L., et al. 1998. The hypocretins: hypothalamus-specific peptides with neuroexcitatory activity. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95: 322-327.
4. Wolf, G. 1998. Orexins: a newly discovered family of hypothalamic regulators of food intake. *Nutr. Rev.* 56: 172-173.
5. van der Pol, et al. 1998. Presynaptic and postsynaptic actions and modulation of neuroendocrine neurons by a new hypothalamic peptide, hypocretin/orexin. *J. Neurosci.* 18: 7962-7971.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HCRT (human) mapping to 17q21.2; Hcrt (mouse) mapping to 11 D.

SOURCE

Orexin-A/B (A-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of Orexin of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-33339 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

Orexin-A/B (A-14) is recommended for detection of Orexin precursor of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Orexin-A/B (A-14) is also recommended for detection of Orexin precursor in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Orexin-A/B siRNA (h): sc-42152, Orexin-A/B siRNA (m): sc-42153, Orexin-A/B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42152-SH, Orexin-A/B shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42153-SH, Orexin-A/B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42152-V and Orexin-A/B shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42153-V.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.