

Ras2 (yT-12): sc-33908

BACKGROUND

The guanine nucleotide exchange factor Cdc25 (also designated Ctn1) regulates adenylyl cyclase via the small G proteins Ras1 and Ras2 (also known as Glc5 or Ctn5). The yeast Ras proteins regulate cell growth and development by cycling between an active GTP-bound state and an inactive GDP-bound state. Adenylyl cyclase, encoded by the *Cdc35* gene (also designated *Cyr1*, *Hrs1* or *Sra4*), catalyzes the formation of the second messenger cAMP. cAMP exerts its effects via a cAMP-dependent kinase consisting of two regulatory subunits, encoded by *Bcy1* (also designated *Reg1* or *Sra1*), and two catalytic subunits, encoded by *Tpk1* (also designated *Pka1* or *Sra3*).

REFERENCES

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2. Kataoka, T., Broek, D. and Wigler, M. 1985. DNA sequence and characterization of the *S. cerevisiae* gene encoding adenylyl cyclase. *Cell* 43: 493-505.
3. Toda, T., Cameron, S., Sass, P., Zoller, M., Scott, J.D., McMullen, B., Hurwitz, M., Krebs, E.G. and Wigler, M. 1987. Cloning and characterization of *Bcy1*, a locus encoding a regulatory subunit of the cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 7: 1371-1377.
4. Broek, D., Toda, T., Michaeli, T., Levin, L., Birchmeier, C., Zoller, M., Powers, S. and Wigler, M. 1987. The *S. cerevisiae* CDC25 gene product regulates the Ras/adenylyl cyclase pathway. *Cell* 48: 789-799.
5. Toda, T., Cameron, S., Sass, P., Zoller, M. and Wigler, M. 1987. Three different genes in *S. cerevisiae* encode the catalytic subunits of the cAMP-dependent protein kinase. *Cell* 50: 277-287.
6. Oehlen, L.J.W.M., Scholte, M.E., de Koning, W. and van Dam, K. 1993. Inactivation of the CDC25 gene product in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* leads to a decrease in glycolytic activity which is independent of cAMP levels. *J. Gen. Microbiol.* 139: 2091-2100.
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SOURCE

Ras2 (yT-12) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of Ras2 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-33908 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

Ras2 (yT-12) is recommended for detection of Ras2 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000)

Molecular Weight of Ras2: 35 kDa.

Positive Controls: *S. cerevisiae* whole cell lysate.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **Ras2 (A-11): sc-365773**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to Ras2 (yT-12).