



Clb2 (yC-12): sc-33987

BACKGROUND

Cell cycle progression is controlled at a point late in G₁ designated Start. Passage through Start requires the activity of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase Cdc28. Transition from G₁ to S phase requires the association of Cdc28 with members of the G₁ cyclin family, including Cln1, Cln2 and Cln3 (also designated Daf1 or Whi1). The G₂ to M phase requires the M phase cyclins, Clb1 (also designated Scb1) and Clb2, as well as the G₂ cyclins, Clb3 and Clb4. The S phase cyclins Clb5 and Clb6 coordinate DNA replication with cytokinesis. Expression of the cyclins is controlled by UBC9 and Cdc34 (also designated Ubc3 or Dna6) via ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis.

REFERENCES

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4. Basco, R.D., Segal, M.D. and Reed, S.I. 1995. Negative regulation of G₁ and G₂ by S-phase cyclins of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 15: 5030-5042.
5. Seufert, W., Futcher, B. and Jentsch, S. 1995. Role of a ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in degradation of S- and M- phase cyclins. *Nature* 373: 78-81.
6. Prendergast, J.A., Ptak, C., Arnason, T.G. and Ellison, M.J. 1995. Increased ubiquitin expression suppresses the cell cycle defect associated with the yeast ubiquitin conjugating enzyme, CDC34 (UCB3). Evidence for a non-covalent interaction between CDC34 and ubiquitin. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 9347-9352.
7. Levine, K., Huang, K. and Cross, F.R. 1996. *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* G₁ cyclins differ in their intrinsic functional specificities. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 16: 6794-6803.
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SOURCE

Clb2 (yC-12) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of Clb2 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-33987 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

Clb2 (yC-12) is recommended for detection of Clb2 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of Clb2: 59 kDa.

Positive Controls: *S. cerevisiae* whole cell lysate.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotting A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.