SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

RAG-1 (P-20): sc-34269



BACKGROUND

Immunoglobulin (Ig) and the T cell receptor are the receptors of B and T lymphocytes and are encoded in multiple germ line DNA segments, V, D and J, that are rearranged during lymphocyte development. This is the only known example of site specific recombination in vertebrate genes. Several genes are essential for V(D)J rearrangement. The recombination activator genes RAG1 and RAG2 were originally identified on the basis of their ability to activate rearrangement of an exogenous recombinational substrate in fibroblasts; moreover, both genes are required for this activity. It is yet to be resolved as to whether RAG1 and RAG2 encode components of the V(D)J recombinase itself or regulatory proteins that potentiate V(D)J recombination.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Schatz, D.G., et al. 1992. V(D)J recombination: molecular biology and regulation. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 10: 359-383.
- Shinkai, Y., et al. 1992. RAG-2-deficient mice lack mature lymphocytes owing to inability to initiate V(D)J rearrangement. Cell 68: 855-867.
- Mombaerts, P., et al. 1992. RAG-1-deficient mice have no mature B and T lymphocytes. Cell 68: 869-877.
- 5. Lin, W., et al. 1993. Regulation of V(D)J recombination activator protein RAG-2 by phosphorylation. Science 260: 953-959.
- Wang, L.C., et al. 1993. RAG-1 and RAG-2 are not sufficient to direct all phases of immunoglobulin gene rearrangement in pre-B-cell lines. Mol. Cell. Biol. 13: 3890-3899.
- Chen, J., et al. 1993. RAG-2-deficient blastocyst complementation: an assay of gene function in lymphocyte development. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90: 4528-4532.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RAG1 (human) mapping to 11p12; Rag1 (mouse) mapping to 2 E2.

SOURCE

RAG-1 (P-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of RAG-1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-34269 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

RAG-1 (P-20) is recommended for detection of RAG-1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

RAG-1 (P-20) is also recommended for detection of RAG-1 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for RAG-1 siRNA (h): sc-42962, RAG-1 siRNA (m): sc-42963, RAG-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42962-SH, RAG-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42963-SH, RAG-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42962-V and RAG-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42963-V.

Molecular Weight of RAG-1: 130 kDa.

Positive Controls: LADMAC nuclear extract.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try **RAG-1 (D-5): sc-377127**, our highly recommended monoclonal aternative to RAG-1 (P-20).