

# Dcp1a (G-15): sc-34910

## BACKGROUND

Cleavage of the 5'-cap structure is involved in the major 5'-to-3' and non-sense-mediated mRNA decay pathways. The protein complex consisting of Dcp1 and Dcp2 has been identified as the species responsible for the decapping reaction in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. In nonsense-mediated decay, the human decapping complex, made up of *S. cerevisiae* homologs Dcp1a and hDcp2, may be recruited to mRNAs containing premature termination codons by nonsense-mediated decay factor (Upf) proteins. hDcp2 specifically hydrolyzes methylated capped RNA to release m<sup>7</sup>GDP, thereby aiding in mRNA degradation. Both Dcp1a and hDcp2 colocalize in the cytoplasm. In addition, Dcp1a interacts with Smad4 forming a complex with TGFβ and BMP-4. Dcp1a and Smad4 interact directly through a EVH1/WH1 domain on Dcp1a and a proline-rich activation domain on Smad4. Smad4 is essential to nuclear translocation of Dcp1a as deletion of the Smad4-interacting domain (located in the N-terminal 100 amino acids) of Dcp1a eliminates TGFβ-induced nuclear translocation of Dcp1a.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DCP1A (human) mapping to 3p21.1; Dcp1a (mouse) mapping to 14 B.

## SOURCE

Dcp1a (G-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Dcp1a of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-34910 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## APPLICATIONS

Dcp1a (G-15) is recommended for detection of Dcp1a of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Dcp1a (G-15) is also recommended for detection of Dcp1a in additional species, including equine, canine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Dcp1a siRNA (h): sc-45779, Dcp1a siRNA (m): sc-45780, Dcp1a shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-45779-SH, Dcp1a shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45780-SH, Dcp1a shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45779-V and Dcp1a shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45780-V.

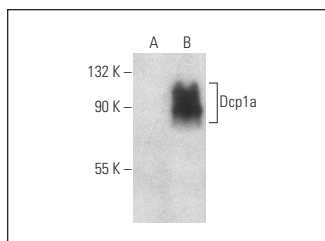
Molecular Weight of Dcp1a: 63 kDa.

Positive Controls: IMR-32 cell lysate: sc-2409, rat brain extract: sc-2392 or Dcp1a (h): 293T Lysate: sc-171459.

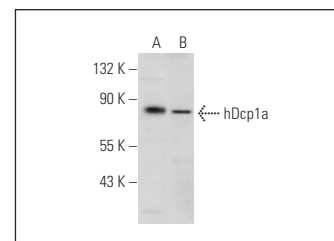
## RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## DATA



Dcp1a (G-15): sc-34910. Western blot analysis of Dcp1a expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human Dcp1a transfected: sc-171459 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



hDcp1a (G-15): sc-34910. Western blot analysis of hDcp1a expression in IMR-32 whole cell lysate (A) and rat brain tissue extract (B).

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **Dcp1a (56-Y): sc-100706**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to Dcp1a (G-15).