# DHS (A-10): sc-365077



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Deoxyhypusine synthase (DHS) is crucial for the post-translational formation of hypusine, a modification of a specific lysine residue in eukaryotic initiation factor 5A (eIF-5A). Hypusine is formed by posttranslational modifications involving two enzymatic steps catalyzed by DHS and deoxyhypusine hydroxylase (DOHH). eIF-5A is essential for eukaryotic cell proliferation. Deoxyhypusine synthase, which belongs to the deoxyhypusine synthase family of proteins, is important for the first step in the hypusine biosynthesis pathway. It acts as a catalyst for the NAD-dependent oxidative cleavage of spermidine and the ensuing transfer of the butylamine moiety of spermidine to the eIF-5A protein, to create the intermediate deoxyhypusine residue.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: DHPS (human) mapping to 19p13.2; Dhps (mouse) mapping to 8 C3.

## SOURCE

DHS (A-10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 70-369 mapping at the C-terminus of DHS of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$   $lgG_{2b}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

DHS (A-10) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-365077 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-365077 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-365077 PE), fluorescein (sc-365077 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-365077 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-365077 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-365077 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-365077 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-365077 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-365077 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

DHS (A-10) is recommended for detection of DHS of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for DHS siRNA (h): sc-60535, DHS siRNA (m): sc-60536, DHS shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60535-SH, DHS shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60536-SH, DHS shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60535-V and DHS shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60536-V.

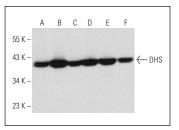
Molecular Weight of DHS: 40 kDa.

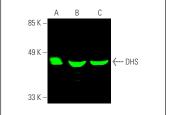
Positive Controls: MCF7 whole cell lysate: sc-2206, Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204 or NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **DATA**





DHS (A-10): sc-365077. Western blot analysis of DHS expression in MCF7 (**A**), Jurkat (**B**), Sol8 (**C**), NIH/3T3 (**D**), KNRK (**E**) and L8 (**F**) whole cell lysates.

DHS (A-10): sc-365077. Near-infrared western blot analysis of DHS expression in U266 (A), NIH/3T3 (B) and KNRK (C) whole cell lysates. Blocked with UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214. Detection reagent used: m-IqGx BP-CFL 680: sc-516180.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Ganapathi, M., et al. 2019. Recessive rare variants in deoxyhypusine synthase, an enzyme involved in the synthesis of hypusine, are associated with a neurodevelopmental disorder. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 104: 287-298.
- 2. Levasseur, E.M., et al. 2019. Hypusine biosynthesis in  $\beta$  cells links polyamine metabolism to facultative cellular proliferation to maintain glucose homeostasis. Sci. Signal. 12: eaax0715.
- Watanabe, M., et al. 2020. A substrate-trapping strategy to find E3 ubiquitin ligase substrates identifies Parkin and TRIM28 targets. Commun. Biol. 3: 592.
- Padgett, L.R., et al. 2021. Deoxyhypusine synthase, an essential enzyme for hypusine biosynthesis, is required for proper exocrine pancreas development. FASEB J. 35: e21473.
- Anderson-Baucum, E., et al. 2021. Deoxyhypusine synthase promotes a pro-inflammatory macrophage phenotype. Cell Metab. 33: 1883-1893.e7.
- Becker, A.E., et al. 2021. eIF5A-independent role of DHPS in p21<sup>CIP1</sup> and cell fate regulation. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 22: 13187.
- 7. Fiches, G.N., et al. 2022. Polyamine biosynthesis and eIF5A hypusination are modulated by the DNA tumor virus KSHV and promote KSHV viral infection. PLoS Pathog. 18: e1010503.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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