SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Presenilin 1 (H-5): sc-365495



BACKGROUND

A novel protein, designated Presenilin 1 (also designated S182) and mapping to the AD3 locus of chromosome 14q24.2, has been described. Mutations in the gene encoding Presenilin 1 have been found in families suffering from early-onset Alzheimer's disease. A highly related protein, designated Presenilin 2 (also designated STM2), shares 80% amino acid sequence identity with Presenilin 1. Presenilin 1 and Presenilin 2 have similar structures and represent novel members of the seven pass-transmembrane receptor superfamily. Point mutations in the gene encoding Presenilin 2 have been found in Volga German families who suffer from an inherited form of early-onset Alzheimer's disease. Whether these proteins function as ligand-gated ion channels or G protein-coupled receptors has yet to be resolved. ALG-3, the mouse homolog of human Presenilin 2, has been cloned from the mouse liver cDNA library.

REFERENCES

- Bird, T.D., et al. 1988. Familial Alzheimer's disease in American descendants of the Volga Germans: probable genetic founder effect. Ann. Neurol. 23: 25-31.
- Sherrington, R., et al. 1995. Cloning of a gene bearing missense mutations in early-onset familial Alzheimer's disease. Nature 375: 754-760.
- 3. Alzheimer's Disease Collaborative Group. 1995. The structure of the Presenilin 1 (S182) gene and identification of six novel mutations in early onset AD families. Nat. Genet. 11: 219-222.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PSEN1 (human) mapping to 14q24.2; Psen1 (mouse) mapping to 12 D1.

SOURCE

Presenilin 1 (H-5) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 442-467 at the C-terminus of Presenilin 1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Presenilin 1 (H-5) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-365495 AC), 500 μ g/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-365495 HRP), 200 μ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-365495 PE), fluorescein (sc-365495 FITC), Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (sc-365495 AF488), Alexa Fluor[®] 546 (sc-365495 AF546), Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (sc-365495 AF594) or Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (sc-365495 AF647), 200 μ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor[®] 680 (sc-365495 AF680) or Alexa Fluor[®] 790 (sc-365495 AF790), 200 μ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-365495 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

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APPLICATIONS

Presenilin 1 (H-5) is recommended for detection of Presenilin 1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Presenilin 1 (H-5) is also recommended for detection of Presenilin 1 in additional species, including canine, bovine and porcine.

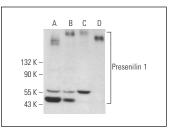
Suitable for use as control antibody for Presenilin 1 siRNA (h): sc-36312, Presenilin 1 siRNA (m): sc-36313, Presenilin 1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36312-SH, Presenilin 1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36313-SH, Presenilin 1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36312-V and Presenilin 1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36313-V.

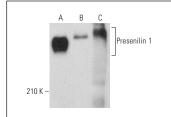
Molecular Weight of holoprotein Presenilin 1: 47 kDa.

Molecular Weight of aggregated Presenilin 1: 50-250 kDa.

Positive Controls: PC-12 cell lysate: sc-2250, mouse brain extract: sc-2253 or 3T3-L1 cell lysate: sc-2243.

DATA





Presenilin 1 (H-5): sc-365495. Western blot analysis of Presenilin 1 expression in PC-12 (A), NIH/3T3 (B), IMR-32 (C) and T98G (D) whole cell lysates.

Presenilin 1 (H-5): sc-365495. Western blot analysis of Presenilin 1 expression in PC-12 (**A**) and 3T3-L1 (**B**) whole cell lysates and mouse brain tissue extract (**C**).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Qi, X.L., et al. 2013. Preventing expression of the nicotinic receptor subunit α7 in SH-SY5Y cells with interference RNA indicates that this receptor may protect against the neurotoxicity of Aβ. Neurochem. Res. 38: 943-950.
- 2. Ren, J., et al. 2019. The expression of the nicotinic acetylcholine receptor α 3 subunit in the brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease and its effects on α and γ -secretases and Notch signal transduction in SH-SY5Y cells. Int. J. Clin. Exp. Pathol. 12: 3644-3652.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.