

# AGA (G-10): sc-365848

## BACKGROUND

AGA (aspartylglucosaminidase) is a 346 amino acid precursor protein that belongs to the Ntn-hydrolase family and is cleaved to produce an  $\alpha$  chain and a  $\beta$  chain. Localized to the lysosome, AGA functions as a heterotetramer composed of two  $\alpha$  and two  $\beta$  chains that work together to cleave the GlcNAc-Asn bond that joins oligosaccharides to target glycoproteins. Defects in the gene encoding AGA are the cause of aspartylglucosaminuria (AGU), a lysosomal storage disease that is characterized by severe mental retardation and mild connective tissue abnormalities. The gene encoding AGA maps to human chromosome 4, which encodes nearly 6% of the human genome and has the largest gene deserts (regions of the genome with no protein encoding genes) of all of the human chromosomes.

## REFERENCES

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6. Jackson, M., et al. 2005. Elevation of plasma aspartylglucosaminidase is a useful marker for the congenital disorders of glycosylation type I (CDG I). *J. Inherit. Metab. Dis.* 28: 1197-1198.
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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AGA (human) mapping to 4q34.3.

## SOURCE

AGA (G-10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 47-272 mapping at the C-terminus of AGA of human origin.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>1</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## APPLICATIONS

AGA (G-10) is recommended for detection of AGA of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for AGA siRNA (h): sc-89013, AGA shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-89013-SH and AGA shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-89013-V.

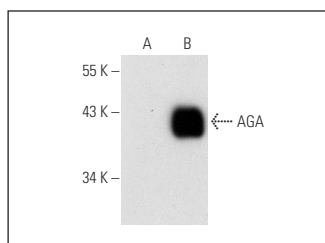
Molecular Weight of AGA precursor: 39 kDa.

Positive Controls: AGA (h3): 293T Lysate: sc-112982.

## RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## DATA



AGA (G-10): sc-365848. Western blot analysis of AGA expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human AGA transfected: sc-112982 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.