Annexin A9 (G-4): sc-365940



The Power to Ouestion

BACKGROUND

The annexin family of calcium-binding proteins contains several family members that are characterized by a conserved core domain, which binds phospholipids in a Ca²⁺-dependent manner, and a unique amino-terminal region, which may confer binding specificity. Annexin family members have been implicated as regulators of diverse processes, such as ion flux, endocytosis, exocytosis and cellular adhesion. Annexin A9 (ANXA9), also known as Annexin-31 (ANX31) or Pemphaxin, is a 345 amino acid protein that contains four Annexin domains and may act as a low affinity receptor for acetylcholine. It is an atypical member of the annexin family because its intracellular activity is not subject to Ca²⁺ regulation as a result of sequence mutations. Annexin A9 is one of the target proteins that is recognized by autoantibodies in patients with pemphigus vulgaris, a rare autoimmune skin condition in which blisters occur in the epidermis due to loss of cell-cell adhesion.

REFERENCES

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- Chlystun, M., et al. 2004. Structural and functional characterisation of the mouse Annexin A9 promoter. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1742: 141-149.
- 3. Weise, A., et al. 2005. New insights into the evolution of chromosome 1. Cytogenet. Genome Res. 108: 217-222.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ANXA9 (human) mapping to 1q21.3; Anxa9 (mouse) mapping to 3 F2.1.

SOURCE

Annexin A9 (G-4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 101-270 mapping within an internal region of Annexin A9 of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g \ lgG_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

Annexin A9 (G-4) is recommended for detection of Annexin A9 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Annexin A9 siRNA (h): sc-88790, Annexin A9 siRNA (m): sc-105071, Annexin A9 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-88790-SH, Annexin A9 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-105071-SH, Annexin A9 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-88790-V and Annexin A9 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-105071-V.

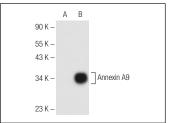
Molecular Weight of Annexin A9: 38 kDa.

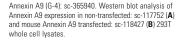
Positive Controls: Annexin A9 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-118427 or BJ whole cell lysate: sc-364359.

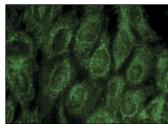
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA







Annexin A9 (G-4): sc-365940. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed NIH/3T3 cells showing cytoplasmic localization

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.