

DAK (G-5): sc-365984

BACKGROUND

DAK (dihydroxyacetone kinase 2 homolog), also known as NET45, bifunctional ATP-dependent dihydroxyacetone kinase/FAD-AMP lyase (cyclizing), DHA kinase (ATP-dependent dihydroxyacetone kinase), glycerone kinase, FAD-AMP lyase (cyclic FMN forming) or FMN cyclase, is a 575 amino acid protein belonging to the dihydroxyacetone kinase (DAK) family. Existing as a homodimer, DAK catalyzes the formation of FAD to cyclin FMN, as well as the phosphorylation of dihydroxyacetone and splitting of ribonucleoside diphosphate-X compounds. DAK contains one DhaK domain, a DhaL domain, and is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 11. Chromosome 11 houses over 1,400 genes and comprises nearly 4% of the human genome. Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, Jacobsen syndrome, Niemann-Pick disease, hereditary angioedema and Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome are associated with defects in genes that maps to chromosome 11.

REFERENCES

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2. Cabezas, A., et al. 2005. Identification of human and rat FAD-AMP lyase (cyclic FMN forming) as ATP-dependent dihydroxyacetone kinases. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 338: 1682-1689.
3. Uzcátegui, N.L., et al. 2007. Antiproliferative effect of dihydroxyacetone on *Trypanosoma brucei* bloodstream forms: cell cycle progression, subcellular alterations, and cell death. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* 51: 3960-3968.
4. Schuchman, E.H. 2007. The pathogenesis and treatment of acid sphingomyelinase-deficient Niemann-Pick disease. *J. Inher. Metab. Dis.* 30: 654-663.
5. Bhuiyan, Z.A., et al. 2008. An intronic mutation leading to incomplete skipping of exon-2 in KCNQ1 rescues hearing in Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome. *Prog. Biophys. Mol. Biol.* 98: 319-327.
6. Coldren, C.D., et al. 2009. Chromosomal microarray mapping suggests a role for BSX and Neurogranin in neurocognitive and behavioral defects in the 11q terminal deletion disorder (Jacobsen syndrome). *Neurogenetics* 10: 89-95.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DAK (human) mapping to 11q12.2; Dak (mouse) mapping to 19 A.

SOURCE

DAK (G-5) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 535-565 near the C-terminus of DAK of human origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgM kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-365984 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

APPLICATIONS

DAK (G-5) is recommended for detection of DAK of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for DAK siRNA (h): sc-97079, DAK siRNA (m): sc-142869, DAK shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97079-SH, DAK shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142869-SH, DAK shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97079-V and DAK shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142869-V.

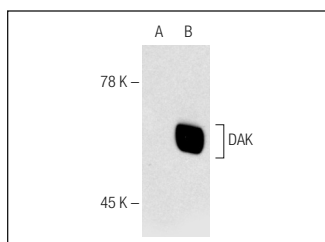
Molecular Weight of DAK: 59 kDa.

Positive Controls: DAK (m): 293T Lysate: sc-119655, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein L-Agarose: sc-2336 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA



DAK (G-5): sc-365984. Western blot analysis of DAK expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse DAK transfected: sc-119655 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.