SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

IP6K2 (G-9): sc-373770



BACKGROUND

The members of the inositol hexakisphosphate kinase family, IP6K1 and IP6K2, have a high affinity and selectivity for inositol hexakisphosphate (InsP₆) as a substrate. IP6K1 and IP6K2 (also designated PiUS) convert InsP₆ to PP-InsP₅. However, neither kinase demonstrates any catalytic activity with other inositol pyrophosphates. The presence of InsP₆, which inhibits serine/threonine protein phosphatases, increases the influx of calcium across the plasma membrane and implies that it may mediate the regulation of Insulin exocytosis. IP6K1 was purified in rat brain extracts. By homology, IP6K1 and IP6K2 were characterized in mouse. IP6K1 displays ATP synthase activity by transferring a phosphate from PP-InsP₅ to ADP, which suggests a role for the IP6 kinases as high energy phosphate donors.

REFERENCES

- Voglmaier, S.M., et al. 1996. Purified inositol hexakisphosphate kinase is an ATP synthase: diphosphoinositol pentakisphosphate as a high-energy phosphate donor. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93: 4305-4310.
- Huang, C.F., et al. 1998. Identification and purification of disphosphoinositol pentakisphosphate kinase, which synthesizes the inositol pyrophosphate bis(diphospho) inositol tetrakisphosphate. Biochemistry 37: 14998-15004.
- 3. Barker, C.J., et al. 1999. Inositol hexakisphosphate and β -cell stimulus-secretion coupling. Anticancer Res. 19: 3737-3741.
- Saiardi, A., et al. 1999. Synthesis of diphosphoinositol pentakisphosphate by a newly identified family of higher inositol polyphosphate kinases. Curr. Biol. 9: 1323-1326.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IP6K2 (human) mapping to 3p21.31; Ip6k2 (mouse) mapping to 9 F2.

SOURCE

IP6K2 (G-9) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 36-69 near the N-terminus of IP6K2 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g\, lg G_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

IP6K2 (G-9) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-373770 AC), 500 μg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-373770 HRP), 200 μg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-373770 PE), fluorescein (sc-373770 FITC), Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (sc-373770 AF488), Alexa Fluor[®] 546 (sc-373770 AF546), Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (sc-373770 AF594) or Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (sc-373770 AF647), 200 μg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor[®] 680 (sc-373770 AF680) or Alexa Fluor[®] 790 (sc-373770 AF790), 200 μg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-373770 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

APPLICATIONS

IP6K2 (G-9) is recommended for detection of IP6K2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

IP6K2 (G-9) is also recommended for detection of IP6K2 in additional species, including canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for IP6K2 siRNA (h): sc-39071, IP6K2 siRNA (m): sc-39072, IP6K2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39071-SH, IP6K2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39072-SH, IP6K2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39071-V and IP6K2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39072-V.

Molecular Weight of IP6K2 isoforms: 49/11/8 kDa.

Positive Controls: rat cerebellum extract: sc-2398, mouse brain extract: sc-2253 or IP6K2 (h2): 293T Lysate: sc-117070.

DATA





IP6K2 (G-9): sc-373770. Western blot analysis of IP6K2 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human IP6K2 transfected: sc-117070 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

IP6K2 (G-9): sc-373770. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human esophagus tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of squamous epithelial cells.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Sahu, S., et al. 2020. InsP₇ is a small-molecule regulator of NUDT3mediated mRNA decapping and processing-body dynamics. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 117: 19245-19253.
- Fu, L., et al. 2024. Depleting inositol pyrophosphate 5-InsP₇ protected the heart against ischaemia-reperfusion injury by elevating plasma adiponectin. Cardiovasc. Res. 120: 954-970.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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