# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# HYAL3 (E-4): sc-374036



## BACKGROUND

Hyaluronidases (HAases or HYALs) are a family of lysosomal enzymes that are crucial for the spread of bacterial infections and of toxins present in a variety of venoms. HYALs may also be involved in the progression of cancer. In humans, six HYAL proteins have been identified. HYAL proteins use hydrolysis to degrade hyaluronic acid (HA), which is present in body fluids, tissues, and the extracellular matrix of vertebrate tissues. HA keeps tissues hydrated, maintains osmotic balance, and promotes cell proliferation, differentiation, and metastasis. HA is also an important structural component of cartilage and acts as a lubricant in joints. HYAL3 is a 417-amino acid protein that is highly expressed in testis and bone marrow, but has relatively low expression in all other tissues. Unlike HYAL 1 and HYAL2, HYAL3 is an unlikely tumor supressor candidate, given the lack of detected mutations in its gene.

# REFERENCES

- 1. Sun, L., et al. 1998. Expression profile of hyaluronidase mRNA transcripts in the kidney and in renal cells. Kidney Blood Press. Res. 21: 413-418.
- Triggs-Raine, B., et al. 1999. Mutations in HYAL1, a member of a tandemly distributed multigene family encoding disparate hyaluronidase activities, cause a newly described lysosomal disorder, mucopolysaccharidosis IX. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96: 6296-6300.
- Csoka, A.B., et al. 2001. The six hyaluronidase-like genes in the human and mouse genomes. Matrix Biol. 20: 499-508.
- Shuttleworth, T.L., et al. 2002. Characterization of the murine hyaluronidase gene region reveals complex organization and cotranscription of HYAL1 with downstream genes, Fus2 and HYAL3. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 23008-23018.
- 5. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM<sup>™</sup>. 2002. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 604038. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: HYAL3 (human) mapping to 3p21.31; Hyal3 (mouse) mapping to 9 F1.

#### SOURCE

HYAL3 (E-4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 72-132 mapping within an internal region of HYAL3 of mouse origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$   $lgG_{2b}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

HYAL3 (E-4) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-374036 AC), 500 μg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-374036 HRP), 200 μg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-374036 PE), fluorescein (sc-374036 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-374036 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-374036 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-374036 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-374036 AF647), 200 μg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-374036 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-374036 AF790), 200 μg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

HYAL3 (E-4) is recommended for detection of HYAL3 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 mlof cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for HYAL3 siRNA (h): sc-60826, HYAL3 siRNA (m): sc-60827, HYAL3 siRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60826-SH, HYAL3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60827-SH, HYAL3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60826-V and HYAL3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60827-V.

Molecular Weight of HYAL3: 57 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse brain extract: sc-2253, PC-12 cell lysate: sc-2250 or Neuro-2A whole cell lysate: sc-364185.

# **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

## DATA





HYAL3 (E-4): sc-374036. Western blot analysis of HYAL3 expression in PC-12 (**A**) and Neuro-2A (**B**) whole cell lysates.

HYAL3 (E-4): sc-374036. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human thyroid gland tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells (A). Immunofluorescence staining of methanolfixed NIH/3T3 cells showing membrane localization (B).

# STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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