# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# MaxiKα (B-1): sc-374142



# BACKGROUND

The KCNMA1 gene, located on chromosome 10q22.3, encodes MaxiK $\alpha$  (also designated calcium-activated potassium channel, large conductance calciumand voltage-dependent potassium channel  $\alpha$  subunit, Slo  $\alpha$  subunit and BKCA  $\alpha$  subunit). MaxiK $\alpha$  carboxyl terminal is spliced to form nine transcripts. MaxiK $\alpha$  is expressed in neurons and smooth muscle tissue. It associates with MaxiK $\beta$  to form Ca<sup>2+</sup>-activated K<sup>+</sup> channels (also designated Maxi-K or BK channels) and forms the potassium-permeable pore in these channels, which respond primarily to increases in intracellular calcium ion concentrations. Maxi-K channels are also known to interact with hormones, such as estradiol. MaxiK $\beta$  can regulate the sensitivity of MaxiK $\alpha$  to calcium. Maxi-K channels may be involved in cell shrinkage and caspase activation, which leads to pulmonary vascular smooth muscle cell apoptosis.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: KCNMA1 (human) mapping to 10q22.3; Kcnma1 (mouse) mapping to 14 A3.

# SOURCE

 $MaxiK\alpha$  (B-1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 937-1236 mapping at the C-terminus of  $MaxiK\alpha$  of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>2b</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

MaxiK $\alpha$  (B-1) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-374142 AC), 500 µg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-374142 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-374142 PE), fluorescein (sc-374142 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-374142 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-374142 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-374142 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-374142 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-374142 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-374142 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

# **APPLICATIONS**

MaxiK $\alpha$  (B-1) is recommended for detection of MaxiK $\alpha$  of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

 $MaxiK\alpha$  (B-1) is also recommended for detection of  $MaxiK\alpha$  in additional species, including bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for MaxiK $\alpha$  siRNA (h): sc-42511, MaxiK $\alpha$  siRNA (m): sc-42512, MaxiK $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42511-SH, MaxiK $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42512-SH, MaxiK $\alpha$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42511-V and MaxiK $\alpha$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42512-V.

Molecular Weight of MaxiK $\alpha$  native  $\alpha$  subunit: 125 kDa.

Molecular Weight of MaxiK $\alpha$  purified  $\alpha$  subunit: 65 kDa.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# DATA





MaxiK $\alpha$  (B-1): sc-374142. Western blot analysis of MaxiK $\alpha$  expression in Ca Ski (A), PC-3 (B), F9 (C), Sol8 (D), A-10 (E) and L6 (F) whole cell lysates.

 $\label{eq:maxika} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Maxika} \ \mbox{(B-1): sc-374142. Immunofluorescence staining} \\ \mbox{of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing membrane} \\ \mbox{localization.} \end{array}$ 

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Kim, J.B., et al. 2014. The large-conductance calcium-activated potassium channel holds the key to the conundrum of familial hypokalemic periodic paralysis. Korean J. Pediatr. 57: 445-450.
- 2. Feng, D., et al. 2017. Expression and alteration of  $BK_{Ca}$  channels in the sphincter of Oddi's from rabbits with hypercholesterolemia. Channels 11: 236-244.
- 3. Nimpf, S., et al. 2019. A putative mechanism for magnetoreception by electromagnetic induction in the pigeon inner ear. Curr. Biol. 29: 4052-4059.e4.
- Chen, X., et al. 2020. Prenatal hypoxia attenuated contraction of offspring coronary artery associated with decreased PKCβ Ser660 phosphorylation and intracellular calcium. Life Sci. 261: 118364.
- Song, R., et al. 2021. Ryanodine receptor subtypes regulate Ca<sup>2+</sup> sparks/ spontaneous transient outward currents and myogenic tone of uterine arteries in pregnancy. Cardiovasc. Res. 117: 792-804.
- Yin, H., et al. 2022. TRPC6 interacted with K<sub>Ca</sub>1.1 channels to regulate the proliferation and apoptosis of glioma cells. Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 725: 109268.
- Chen, A.L., et al. 2023. Calcium-activated big-conductance (BK) potassium channels traffic through nuclear envelopes into kinocilia in ray electrosensory cells. Cells 12: 2125.
- Magierowska, K., et al. 2023. The mitochondria-targeted sulfide delivery molecule attenuates drugs-induced gastropathy. Involvement of heme oxygenase pathway. Redox Biol. 66: 102847.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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