# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# PA26 (C-10): sc-376170



## BACKGROUND

Cell cycle progression is subject to arrest at  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  checkpoints in response to DNA damage, presumably to allow time for DNA repair prior to entry into S and M phase, respectively. The p53 tumor suppressor is required for one such  $G_1$  checkpoint and functions to upregulate expression of GADD 45 and the mitotic inhibitory protein p21. GADD 45 stimulates DNA excision repair *in vitro* and inhibits entry of cells into S phase, and it apparently acts in concert with GADD 153 in inducing growth arrest. A related DNA-damage in-ducible gene, GADD 34 synergizes with GADD 45 or GADD 153 in suppressing cell growth. PEG-3 (progression elevated gene-3) shares significant homology with GADD 34 and is inducible by DNA damage. An additional GADD related gene, PA26, is a possible target of p53. Three isoforms of PA26 have been identified as PA26-T1, PA26-T2 and PA26-T3.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Sherr, C.J. 1994. G1 phase progression: cycling on cue. Cell 79: 551-555.
- 2. Hunter, T., et al. 1994. Cyclins and cancer II: cyclin D and CDK inhibitors come of age. Cell 79: 573-582.
- 3. Smith, M.L., et al. 1994. Interaction of the p53-regulated protein Gadd45 with proliferating cell nuclear antigen. Science 266: 1376-1380.
- Gujuluva, C.N., et al. 1994. Effect of UV-irradiation on cell cycle, viability and the expression of p53, gadd153 and gadd45 genes in normal and HPVimmortalized human oral keratinocytes. Oncogene 9: 1819-1827.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: SESN1 (human) mapping to 6q21; Sesn1 (mouse) mapping to 10 B2.

#### SOURCE

PA26 (C-10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 403-441 near the C-terminus of PA26 of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG\_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

PA26 (C-10) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-376170 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-376170 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-376170 PE), fluorescein (sc-376170 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-376170 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-376170 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-376170 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-376170 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-376170 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-376170 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-376170 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

PA26 (C-10) is recommended for detection of all PA26 isoforms of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

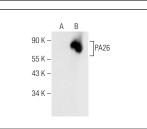
PA26 (C-10) is also recommended for detection of all PA26 isoforms in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

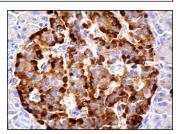
Suitable for use as control antibody for PA26 siRNA (h): sc-37420, PA26 siRNA (m): sc-37421, PA26 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37420-SH, PA26 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37421-SH, PA26 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37420-V and PA26 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37421-V.

Molecular Weight of PA26: 57 kDa.

Positive Controls: PA26 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-122341.

## DATA





PA26 (C-10): sc-376170. Western blot analysis of PA26 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse PA26 transfected: sc-122341 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.

PA26 (C-10): sc-376170. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human pancreas tissue showing cytoplasmic and nuclear staining of Islets of Langerhans.

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Peng, M., et al. 2014. Sestrins function as guanine nucleotide dissociation inhibitors for Rag GTPases to control mTORC1 signaling. Cell 159: 122-133.
- Xue, R., et al. 2017. Sestrin 1 ameliorates cardiac hypertrophy via autophagy activation. J. Cell. Mol. Med. 21: 1193-1205.
- 3. Cordani, M., et al. 2018. Mutant p53 blocks SESN1/AMPK/PGC-1 $\alpha$ /UCP2 axis increasing mitochondrial O<sub>2</sub>-- production in cancer cells. Br. J. Cancer 119: 994-1008.
- Anwar, M., et al. 2021. Impact of physical activity on mitochondrial enzymes, muscle stem cell and anti-oxidant protein sestrins in sarcopenic mice. Exp. Gerontol. 150: 111358.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

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