Calgranulin B (B-5): sc-376772



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The family of EF-hand type Ca^{2+} -binding proteins includes Calbindin (previously designated vitamin D-dependent Ca^{2+} -binding protein), S- 100α and β , Calgranulin A (also designated MRP8), Calgranulin B (also designated MRP14) and Calgranulin C (S-100 like protein), and the parvalbumin family members, including parvalbumin α and parvalbumin β (also designated oncomodulin). Calbindin, S-100 proteins and parvalbumin proteins are each expressed in neural tissues. In addition, S- 100α and β are present in a variety of other tissues, and Calbindin is present in intestine and kidney. Parvalbumin α is also found in fast-contracting/relaxing skeletal muscle fibers and parvalbumin β is found in many tumor tissues as well as in the organ of Corti. Calbindin, S-100 proteins and parvalbulmins have all been detected in leydig cells and testis. These proteins are thought to play a role in hormone production and spermatogenesis. Calgranulin is expressed in macrophages and epithelial cells.

REFERENCES

- van Heyningen, V., et al. 1985. Tissue localization and chromosomal assignment of a serum protein that tracks the cystic fibrosis gene. Nature 315: 513-515.
- 2. Hayward, C., et al. 1986. Monoclonal antibodies to cystic fibrosis antigen. J. Immunol. Methods 91: 117-122.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: S100A9 (human) mapping to 1q21.3.

SOURCE

Calgranulin B (B-5) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 63-99 near the C-terminus of Calgranulin B of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_1 lambda light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Calgranulin B (B-5) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-376772 AC), 500 μ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-376772 HRP), 200 μ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-376772 PE), fluorescein (sc-376772 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-376772 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-376772 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-376772 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-376772 AF647), 200 μ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-376772 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-376772 AF790), 200 μ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-376772 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

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STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

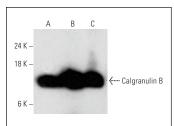
Calgranulin B (B-5) is recommended for detection of Calgranulin B of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

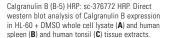
Suitable for use as control antibody for Calgranulin B siRNA (h): sc-43344, Calgranulin B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43344-SH and Calgranulin B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43344-V.

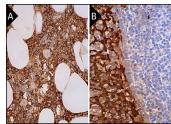
Molecular Weight of Calgranulin B: 14 kDa.

Positive Controls: human tonsil tissue extract: sc-364263, human spleen extract: sc-363779 or HL-60 + DMSO cell lysate: sc-24703.

DATA







Calgranulin B (B-5): sc-376772. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human bone marrow tissue showing cytoplasmic and membrane staining of hematopoietic cells (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffinembedded human tonsil tissue showing cytoplasmic, membrane and nuclear staining of squamous epithelial cells (B).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Cortés-Malagón, E.M., et al. 2013. Gene expression profile regulated by the HPV16 E7 oncoprotein and estradiol in cervical tissue. Virology 447: 155-165.
- Leri, M., et al. 2021. Natural compound from olive oil inhibits S100A9 amyloid formation and cytotoxicity: implications for preventing Alzheimer's disease. ACS Chem. Neurosci. 12: 1905-1918.
- Matas-Nadal, C., et al. 2023. Biomarkers found in the tumor interstitial fluid may help explain the differential behavior among keratinocyte carcinomas. Mol. Cell. Proteomics 22: 100547.
- 4. Leri, M., et al. 2024. Pro-inflammatory protein S100A9 targeted by a natural molecule to prevent neurodegeneration onset. Int. J. Biol. Macromol. 276: 133838.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.