DOCK 8 (G-2): sc-376911



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

DOCK 8 (dedicator of cytokinesis 8) is a 2,099 amino acid protein that contains one DHR-2 (CZH-2) domain and one DHR-1 (CZH-1) domain. One of several members of the DOCK180 family of cytokinesis-regulating proteins, DOCK 8 functions as a guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) that may play a role in protein activation and is thought to influence Actin organization. Defects in the gene encoding DOCK 8 are associated with the pathogenesis of autosomal dominant mental retardation (MRD2), possibly due to errors in Actinbased cytoskeletal structure. Mutations in this gene also result in the autosomal recessive form of the hyper-IgE syndrome, a rare disorder characterized by immunodeficiency, recurrent infections, eczema, increased serum IgE, eosinophilia and lack of connective tissue and skeletal involvement. Multiple isoforms of DOCK 8 exist due to alternative splicing events. The gene encoding DOCK 8 maps to human chromosome 9, which houses over 900 genes and comprises nearly 4% of the human genome.

REFERENCES

- Ruusala, A., et al. 2004. Isolation and characterisation of DOCK 8, a member of the DOCK180-related regulators of cell morphology. FEBS Lett. 572: 159-166.
- Griggs, B.L., et al. 2008. Dedicator of cytokinesis 8 is disrupted in two
 patients with mental retardation and developmental disabilities. Genomics
 91: 195-202.
- 3. Zhang, Q., et al. 2009. Combined immunodeficiency associated with DOCK 8 mutations. N. Eng. J. Med. 361: 2046-2055.
- 4. Jabara, H.H., et al. 2012. DOCK 8 functions as an adaptor that links TLR-MyD88 signaling to B cell activation. Nat. Immunol. 13: 612-620.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DOCK8 (human) mapping to 9p24.3; Dock8 (mouse) mapping to 19 B.

SOURCE

DOCK 8 (G-2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 119-277 mapping near the N-terminus of DOCK 8 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_1 kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

DOCK 8 (G-2) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-376911 AC), 500 μ g/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-376911 HRP), 200 μ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-376911 PE), fluorescein (sc-376911 FITC), Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (sc-376911 AF488), Alexa Fluor[®] 546 (sc-376911 AF546), Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (sc-376911 AF594) or Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (sc-376911 AF647), 200 μ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor[®] 680 (sc-376911 AF680) or Alexa Fluor[®] 790 (sc-376911 AF790), 200 μ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

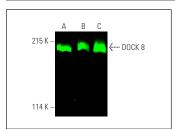
DOCK 8 (G-2) is recommended for detection of DOCK 8 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for DOCK 8 siRNA (h): sc-92764, DOCK 8 siRNA (m): sc-143137, DOCK 8 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-92764-SH, DOCK 8 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-143137-SH, DOCK 8 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-92764-V and DOCK 8 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-143137-V.

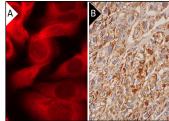
Molecular Weight of DOCK 8: 190 kDa.

Positive Controls: Raji whole cell lysate: sc-364236, THP-1 cell lysate: sc-2238 or NAMALWA cell lysate: sc-2234.

DATA







DOCK 8 (G-2) PE: sc-376911 PE. Direct immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed SW480 cells showing cytoplasmic and nuclear localization. Blocked with UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 (A). DOCK 8 (G-2): sc-376911. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human adrenal gland tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells (B).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Pai, S.Y., et al. 2014. Flow cytometry diagnosis of dedicator of cytokinesis 8 (DOCK 8) deficiency. J. Allergy Clin. Immunol. 134: 221-223.
- 2. Keles, S., et al. 2016. Dedicator of cytokinesis 8 regulates signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 activation and promotes TH17 cell differentiation. J. Allergy Clin. Immunol. 138: 1384-1394.e2.
- 3. Janssen, E., et al. 2016. A DOCK8-WIP-WASp complex links T cell receptors to the Actin cytoskeleton. J. Clin. Invest. 126: 3837-3851.
- 4. Raedler, J., et al. 2021. Lineage-specific chimerism and outcome after hematopoietic stem cell transplantation for DOCK 8 deficiency. J. Clin. Immunol. 41: 1536-1548.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

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