

# MRP-L10 (E-9): sc-377196

## BACKGROUND

Mitochondria have their own translation machinery for production of 13 proteins that are required for oxidative phosphorylation. MRP-L10 (39S ribosomal protein L10, mitochondrial), also known as MRPL8, is a 261 amino acid protein that is a component of the large ribosomal subunit of the mitochondria. MRP-L10 is one of the 70 protein components of mitochondrial ribosomes that are encoded by the nuclear genome. MRP-L10 is deacetylated in a NAD<sup>+</sup>-dependent manner by SIRT3, which is an event that contributes to the regulation of mitochondrial protein synthesis. The gene encoding MRP-L10 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5% of the human genome and encodes over 1,200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associated with chromosome 17, namely, p53 and BRCA1.

## REFERENCES

1. Kenmochi, N., et al. 2001. The human mitochondrial ribosomal protein genes: mapping of 54 genes to the chromosomes and implications for human disorders. *Genomics* 77: 65-70.
2. Koc, E.C., et al. 2001. The large subunit of the mammalian mitochondrial ribosome. Analysis of the complement of ribosomal proteins present. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276: 43958-43969.
3. Wang, C.C., et al. 2004. Molecular hierarchy in neurons differentiated from mouse ES cells containing a single human chromosome 21. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 314: 335-350.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MRPL10 (human) mapping to 17q21.32; Mrpl10 (mouse) mapping to 11 D.

## SOURCE

MRP-L10 (E-9) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 167-195 within an internal region of MRP-L10 of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG<sub>2b</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

MRP-L10 (E-9) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-377196 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-377196 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-377196 PE), fluorescein (sc-377196 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-377196 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-377196 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-377196 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-377196 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-377196 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-377196 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-377196 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

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## APPLICATIONS

MRP-L10 (E-9) is recommended for detection of MRP-L10 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

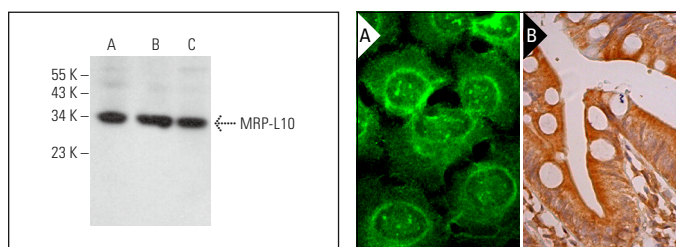
MRP-L10 (E-9) is also recommended for detection of MRP-L10 in additional species, including equine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for MRP-L10 siRNA (h): sc-93589, MRP-L10 siRNA (m): sc-149578, MRP-L10 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-93589-SH, MRP-L10 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149578-SH, MRP-L10 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-93589-V and MRP-L10 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149578-V.

Molecular Weight of MRP-L10: 29 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210 or PC-12 cell lysate: sc-2250.

## DATA



MRP-L10 (E-9): sc-377196. Western blot analysis of MRP-L10 expression in HeLa (A), NIH/3T3 (B) and PC-12 (C) whole cell lysates.

MRP-L10 (E-9): sc-377196. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic and membrane localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human small intestine tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells (B).

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Avolio, R., et al. 2023. Cytosolic and mitochondrial translation elongation are coordinated through the molecular chaperone TRAP1 for the synthesis and import of mitochondrial proteins. *bioRxiv*. E-published.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.