

CRX (B-11): sc-377207

BACKGROUND

The cone-rod homeobox-containing gene (CRX) encodes a transcription factor that coordinates the expression of several photoreceptor genes in the developing retina, including opsin and rhodopsin. Specifically, CRX binds the OTX motif (TAATCC/A) upstream from photoreceptor genes. The CRX gene is also expressed in the pinealocytes of the pineal gland and may regulate pineal circadian activity by controlling the expression of melatonin synthesis genes. Furthermore, CRX⁻ mice exhibit disruption of circadian rhythms. The human CRX gene maps to chromosome 19q13.33 within the region of the cone-rod dystrophy-2 locus (CORD2). Mutations in the CRX gene are implicated in the visual pathologies of CORD, Leber congenital amaurosis (LCA) and retinitis pigmentosa (RP). All characterized CRX gene mutations produce disease in heterozygotes although there is no known correlation between the pathologic phenotype and genetic mutation. Missense mutations of the CRX gene affect the homeobox domain, whereas frameshift mutations affect the OTX domain.

REFERENCES

1. Furukawa, T., et al. 1997. CRX, a novel OTX-like homeobox gene, shows photoreceptor-specific expression and regulates photoreceptor differentiation. *Cell* 91: 531-541.
2. Furukawa, T., et al. 1999. Retinopathy and attenuated circadian entrainment in CRX-deficient mice. *Nat. Genet.* 23: 466-470.
3. Bernard, M., et al. 2001. Transcriptional regulation of the chicken hydroxylindole-O-methyltransferase gene by the cone-rod homeobox-containing protein. *J. Neurochem.* 79: 248-257.
4. Rivolta, C., et al. 2001. Dominant Leber congenital amaurosis, cone-rod degeneration, and retinitis pigmentosa caused by mutant versions of the transcription factor CRX. *Hum. Mutat.* 18: 488-498.
5. Rivolta, C., et al. 2001. Novel frameshift mutations in CRX associated with Leber congenital amaurosis. *Hum. Mutat.* 18: 550-551.
6. Gamse, J.T., et al. 2002. OTX5 regulates genes that show circadian expression in the zebrafish pineal complex. *Nat. Genet.* 30: 117-121.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CRX (human) mapping to 19q13.33; Crx (mouse) mapping to 7 A2.

SOURCE

CRX (B-11) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 166-285 mapping near the C-terminus of CRX of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin. Also available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-377207 X, 200 µg/0.1 ml.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

CRX (B-11) is recommended for detection of CRX of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CRX siRNA (h): sc-38649, CRX siRNA (m): sc-38650, CRX shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38649-SH, CRX shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38650-SH, CRX shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38649-V and CRX shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38650-V.

CRX (B-11) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

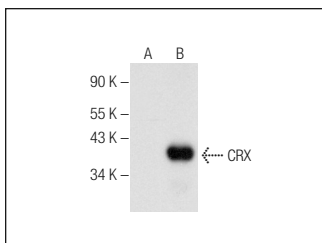
Molecular Weight of CRX: 32 kDa.

Positive Controls: CRX (m): 293T Lysate: sc-126669 or Y79 cell lysate: sc-2240.

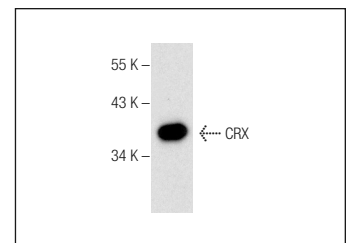
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA



CRX (B-11): sc-377207. Western blot analysis of CRX expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse CRX transfected: sc-126669 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



CRX (B-11): sc-377207. Western blot analysis of CRX expression in Y79 whole cell lysate.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Bian, F., et al. 2022. Functional analysis of the Vsx2 super-enhancer uncovers distinct cis-regulatory circuits controlling Vsx2 expression during retinogenesis. *Development* 149: dev200642.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.