LIN-9 (C-10): sc-398234



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

LIN-9, also known as TGS, BARA or TGS1, is a 542 amino acid protein that localizes to the nucleoplasm and is a mammalian homolog of the $\it C. elegans$ Lin-9 protein. Expressed in testis and thymus, LIN-9 functions as a component of the DREAM complex (also known as the LINC complex), which is comprised of several proteins, all of which work in concert to repress cell cycle-dependent genes. LIN-9 specifically acts as a tumor suppressor that associates with Rb and inhibits DNA synthesis, possibly also controlling the expression of genes that are required for the $\it G_1/S$ cell cycle transition. Three isoforms of LIN-9 exist due to alternative splicing events. The gene encoding LIN-9 maps to human chromosome 1, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: LIN9 (human) mapping to 1q42.12; Lin9 (mouse) mapping to 1 H4.

SOURCE

LIN-9 (C-10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 259-558 mapping at the C-terminus of LIN-9 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g \ lgG_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

LIN-9 (C-10) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-398234 AC), 500 μ g/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-398234 HRP), 200 μ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-398234 PE), fluorescein (sc-398234 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-398234 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-398234 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-398234 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-398234 AF647), 200 μ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-398234 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-398234 AF790), 200 μ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Alexa Fluor $^{\circledR}$ is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Oregon, USA

APPLICATIONS

LIN-9 (C-10) is recommended for detection of LIN-9 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μg per 100-500 μg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for LIN-9 siRNA (h): sc-88786, LIN-9 siRNA (m): sc-105615, LIN-9 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-88786-SH, LIN-9 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-105615-SH, LIN-9 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-88786-V and LIN-9 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-105615-V.

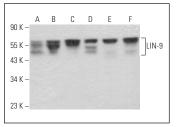
Molecular Weight of LIN-9 isoforms 1/2/3: 62/64/58 kDa.

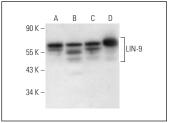
Positive Controls: NTERA-2 cl.D1 whole cell lysate: sc-364181, HL-60 whole cell lysate: sc-2209 or human testis extract: sc-363781.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA





LIN-9 (C-10): sc-398234. Western blot analysis of LIN-9 expression in NTERA-2 cl.D1 ($\bf A$), K-562 ($\bf B$), SJRH30 ($\bf C$), F9 ($\bf D$), A-10 ($\bf E$) and KNRK ($\bf F$) whole cell lysates.

LIN-9 (C-10): sc-398234. Western blot analysis of LIN-9 expression in NTERA-2 cl.D1 (**A**), HL-60 (**B**) and HeLa (**C**) whole cell lysates and human testis tissue extract (**D**).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Periyasamy, M., et al. 2017. p53 controls expression of the DNA deaminase APOBEC3B to limit its potential mutagenic activity in cancer cells. Nucleic Acids Res. 45: 11056-11069.
- Roelofs, P.A., et al. 2020. Characterization of the mechanism by which the RB/E2F pathway controls expression of the cancer genomic DNA deaminase APOBEC3B. Elife 9: e61287.
- 3. Kim, M.J., et al. 2021. PAF remodels the DREAM complex to bypass cell quiescence and promote lung tumorigenesis. Mol. Cell 81: 1698-1714.e6.
- Liu, Q., et al. 2021. A MYBL2 complex for RRM2 transactivation and the synthetic effect of MYBL2 knockdown with WEE1 inhibition against colorectal cancer. Cell Death Dis. 12: 683.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com