SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

ZAP-70 (LR): sc-4064 WB



BACKGROUND

The Src-related protein tyrosine kinases Lck p56 and Fyn p59 are critically involved in T cell antigen receptor (TCR)/CD3-triggered activation. T lymphocytes also express a second class of non-receptor protein tyrosine kinases, Syk p70 and ZAP p72. These kinases resemble the Src family protein tyrosine kinases in that they have a C-terminal catalytic domain, but differ in that they are characterized by two SH2 domains but no SH3 domains. Evidence for the involvement of the Syk/ZAP family proteins in T cell activation was suggested by the finding that Syk p72 kinase fused to the transmembrane and extracellular domains of CD7 and DC16, respectively, can induce complete T cell activation. In contrast, the ZAP p70 kinase was insufficient unless it was coaggregated with a Fyn p59-containing chimera, suggesting that regulation of ZAP p70 activity may require a functional interaction with Src family kinases .

REFERENCES

- Zioncheck, T.F., Harrison, M.L., and Gaehlen, R.L. 1986. Purification and characterization of a protein-tyrosine kinase from bovine thymus. J. Biol. Chem. 261: 15637-15643.
- Cooke, M.P., Abraham, K.M., Forbush, K.A., and Perlmutter, R.M. 1991. Regulation of T cell receptor signaling by a Src family protein-tyrosine kinase (p59Fyn). Cell 65: 281-291.
- Taniguchi, T., Kobayashi, T., Kondo, J., Takahashi, K., Nakamura, H., Suzuki, J., Nagai, K., Yamada, T., Nakamura, S., and Yamamura, H. 1991. Molecular cloning of a porcine gene syk that encodes a 72 kDa proteintyrosine kinase showing high susceptibility to proteolysis. J. Biol. Chem. 266: 15790-15796.
- Straus, D.B. and Weiss, A. 1992. Genetic evidence for the involvement of the lck tyrosine kinase in signal transduction through the T cell antigen receptor. Cell 70: 585-593.
- Molina, T.J., Kishihara, K., Siderovski, D.P., van Ewijk, W., Narendran, A., Timms, E., Wakeham, A., Paige, C.J., Hartmann, K.U., Veillette, A., Davidson, D., and Mak, T.W. 1992. Profound block in thymocyte development in mice lacking p56Lck. Nature 357: 161-164.
- Chan, A.C., Iwashima, M., Turck, C.W., and Weiss, A. 1992. ZAP-70: a 70 kDa protein-tyrosine kinase that associates with the TCR z chain. Cell 71: 649-662.
- Kolanus, W., Romeo, C., and Seed, B. 1993. T cell activation by clustered tyrosine kinases. Cell 74: 171-183.
- Couture, C., Baier, G., Altman, A., and Mustelin, T. 1994. p56Lck-independent activation and tyrosine phosphorylation of p72Syk by T-cell antigen receptor/CD3 stimulation. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91: 5301-5305.

SOURCE

ZAP-70 (LR) is expressed in *E. coli* as an 18 kDa polyhistidine tagged fusion protein corresponding to the "linker" domain (amino acids 253-304) of ZAP-70 of human origin.

PRODUCT

ZAP-70 (LR) is purified from bacterial lysates (>98%) by Ni⁺⁺ affinity chromatography; supplied as 10 µg in 0.1 ml SDS-PAGE loading buffer.

APPLICATIONS

ZAP-70 (LR) is suitable as a Western blotting control for sc-574.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C; stable for one year from the date of shipment.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.