Syntaxin 7 siRNA (m): sc-41335



The Power to Ouestion

BACKGROUND

Correct vesicular transport is essential to the survival of eukaryotic cells. This process is determined by specific pairing of vesicle-associated SNAREs (v-SNAREs) with those on the target membrane (t-SNAREs). This complex then recruits soluble NSF attachment proteins (SNAPs) and N-ethylmaleimidesensitive factor (NSF) to form the highly stable SNAP receptor (SNARE) complex. The formation of a SNARE complex pulls the vesicle and target membrane together and may provide the energy to drive fusion of the lipid bilayers. Syntaxins, a family of proteins involved in the fusion of synaptic vesicles with the plasma membrane, display broad tissue distribution and contain carboxyterminal hydrophobic domains that direct themselves to their respective intracellular compartments. Syntaxin 7 binds α -SNAP *in vitro* and forms a complex with Syntaxin 8, vti1b and VAMP-8 that functions in the fusion of late endosomes. In vitro, the abundant expression of Syntaxin 7 in B16 melanoma cells increases as they undergo melanogenesis. A SNARE complex between Syntaxin 7 and VAMP7 or VAMP8 may regulate the fusion events that eventually lead to melanogenesis.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Bennett, M.K., et al. 1993. The Syntaxin family of vesicular transport receptors. Cell 74: 863-873.
- Yamaguchi, K., et al. 1994. Exocytosis relating proteins in the nervous system. Neurosci. Res. 20: 289-292.
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- 7. Barnard, R.J., et al. 1997. Stimulation of NSF ATpase activity by α -SNAP is required for SNARE complex disassembly and exocytosis. J. Cell Biol. 139: 875-883.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Stx7 (mouse) mapping to 10 A4.

PRODUCT

Syntaxin 7 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Syntaxin 7 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41335-SH and Syntaxin 7 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41335-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Syntaxin 7 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-41335A, sc-41335B and sc-41335C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Syntaxin 7 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Syntaxin 7 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Syntaxin 7 (A-1): sc-514017 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Syntaxin 7 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Syntaxin 7 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Syntaxin 7 (m)-PR: sc-41335-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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