# APG5 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41446-SH



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

In yeast, autophagy is an essential process for survival during nutrient starvation and cell differentiation. The process of autophagy is characterized as a non-selective degradation of cytoplasmic proteins into membrane stuctures called autophagosomes, and it is dependent on several proteins, including the autophagy proteins ATG5 (APG5) and APG7. Yeast Apg7 and the human homolog, APG7, share similarities with the ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1 in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* and are likewise responsible for enzymatically activating the autophagy conjugation system. APG5 and the human homolog, ATG5, also designated APG5, apoptosis-specific protein or APS, function as substrates for the autophagy protein Apg12. These proteins are covalently bonded together to form Apg12/ATG5 conjugates, which are required for the progression of autophagy.

# **REFERENCES**

- Kametaka, S., et al. 1996. Structural and functional analyses of APG5, a gene involved in autophagy in yeast. Gene 178: 139-143.
- Klionsky, D.J. 1998. Nonclassical protein sorting to the yeast vacuole.
  J. Biol. Chem. 273: 10807-10810.
- Mizushima, N., et al.1998. A new protein conjugation system in human.
  The counterpart of the yeast APG12p conjugation system essential for autophagy. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 33889-33892.
- 4. Mizushima, N., et al. 1998. A protein conjugation system essential for autophagy. Nature 395: 395-398.
- Hammond, E.M., et al. 1998. Homology between a human apoptosis specific protein and the product of APG5, a gene involved in autophagy in yeast. FEBS Lett. 425: 391-395.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Atg5 (mouse) mapping to 10 B2.

# **PRODUCT**

APG5 shRNA Plasmid (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific lentiviral vector plasmids each encoding 19-25 nt (plus hairpin) shRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each plasmid contains a puromycin resistance gene for the selection of cells stably expressing shRNA. Each vial contains 20 µg of lyophilized shRNA plasmid DNA. Suitable for up to 20 transfections. Also see APG5 siRNA (m): sc-41446 and APG5 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41446-V as alternate gene silencing products.

### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized shRNA plasmid DNA at 4° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at 4° C for short term storage or -80° C for long term storage. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized shRNA plasmid DNA in 200  $\mu$ l of the deionized water provided. Resuspension of the shRNA plasmid DNA in 200  $\mu$ l of deionized water makes a 0.1  $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ l solution in a 10 mM Tris, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### **APPLICATIONS**

APG5 shRNA Plasmid (m) is recommended for the inhibition of APG5 expression in mouse cells.

### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal shRNA Plasmid transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's shRNA Plasmid Transfection Reagent: sc-108061 (0.2 ml) and shRNA Plasmid Transfection Medium: sc-108062 (20 ml) are recommended. Control shRNAs are available as 20 µg lyophilized plasmid DNA. Each encodes a scrambled shRNA sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Control shRNA Plasmids include: sc-108060, sc-108065 and sc-108066.

### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

APG5 (C-1): sc-133158 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of APG5 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

# RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor APG5 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: APG5 (m)-PR: sc-41446-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 449 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Xiu, Y., et al. 2014. Chloroquine reduces osteoclastogenesis in murine osteoporosis by preventing TRAF3 degradation. J. Clin. Invest. 124: 297-310.
- Zhang, D., et al. 2016. Interference with Akt signaling pathway contributes curcumin-induced adipocyte insulin resistance. Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 429: 1-9.

## **RESEARCH USE**

The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the nontransferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and all replicates and derivatives for research purposes conducted by the buyer in his laboratory only (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The buyer cannot sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product (b) its components or (c) materials made using this product or its components to a third party, or otherwise use this product or its components or materials made using this product or its components for Commercial Purposes.