SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

MMP-7 siRNA (h): sc-41553



BACKGROUND

The matrix metalloproteinases (MMP) are a family of peptidase enzymes responsible for the degradation of extracellular matrix components, including collagen, gelatin, fibronectin, laminin and proteoglycan. Transcription of MMP genes is differentially activated by phorbol ester, lipopolysaccharide (LPS) or staphylococcal enterotoxin B (SEB). MMP catalysis requires both calcium and zinc. MMP-7 (also designated Pump-1, matrilysin or uterine metalloproteinase) degrades casein, fibronectin and gelatin types I, III, IV and V. MMP-7 mRNA is produced exclusively by epithelial cells in mouse and expression is restricted to specific organs, suggesting that in addition to matrix degradation and remodeling, MMP-7 may be involved in the differentiated function of these organs.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MMP7 (human) mapping to 11q22.2.

PRODUCT

MMP-7 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MMP-7 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-41553-SH and MMP-7 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41553-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MMP-7 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-41553A, sc-41553B and sc-41553C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MMP-7 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of MMP-7 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MMP-7 (A-5): sc-515703 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MMP-7 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MMP-7 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MMP-7 (h)-PR: sc-41553-PR (20 μ l, 512 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Chen, S.T., et al. 2012. Down-regulation of matrix metalloproteinase-7 inhibits metastasis of human anaplastic thyroid cancer cell line. Clin. Exp. Metastasis 29: 71-82.
- Cheng, S., et al. 2013. Triterpenes from *Poria cocos* suppress growth and invasiveness of pancreatic cancer cells through the downregulation of MMP-7. Int. J. Oncol. 42: 1869-1874.
- 3. Ghasemi, A., et al. 2018. Leptin induces matrix metalloproteinase 7 expression to promote ovarian cancer cell invasion by activating ERK and JNK pathways. J. Cell. Biochem. 119: 2333-2344.
- 4. Ma, S., et al. 2018. TPX2 promotes cell proliferation and migration via PLK1 in OC. Cancer Biomark. 22: 443-451.
- Chatterjee, K., et al. 2018. EGFR-mediated matrix metalloproteinase-7 up-regulation promotes epithelial-mesenchymal transition via ERK1-AP1 axis during ovarian endometriosis progression. FASEB J. 32: 4560-4572.
- 6. Niu, J., et al. 2019. DKK1 inhibits breast cancer cell migration and invasion through suppression of β -catenin/MMP7 signaling pathway. Cancer Cell Int. 19: 168.
- Javadi, J., et al. 2021. Syndecan-1 overexpressing mesothelioma cells inhibit proliferation, wound healing, and tube formation of endothelial cells. Cancers 13: 655.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.