

G_{β2}: sc-4227 WB

BACKGROUND

Heterotrimeric G proteins function to relay information from cell surface receptors to intracellular effectors. Each of a very broad range of receptors specifically detects an extracellular stimulus (i.e. a photon, pheromone, odorant, hormone or neurotransmitter), while the effectors (e.g. adenylyl cyclase), which act to generate one or more intracellular messengers, are less numerous. In mammals, G protein α , β and γ polypeptides are encoded by at least 16, 4 and 7 genes, respectively. Most interest in G proteins has been focused on their α subunits, since these proteins bind and hydrolyze GTP and most obviously regulate the activity of the best studied effectors. Evidence, however, has established an important regulatory role for the $\beta\gamma$ subunits. The G protein β subunits are important regulators of G protein α subunits as well as of certain signal transduction receptors and effectors. In mammals, there are five different members of the β subunit family

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GNB2 (human) mapping to 7q22; Gnb2 (mouse) mapping to 5 G2.

SOURCE

G_{β2} is expressed in *E. coli* as a 40 kDa protein mapping at amino acids 1-363 of G_{β2} of human origin.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRODUCT

G_{β2} is purified from bacterial lysates (>98%) by column chromatography; supplied as 1.0 μ g in 0.1 ml SDS-PAGE loading buffer.

APPLICATIONS

G_{β2} is suitable as a Western blotting control for sc-380.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.