# CD8- $\alpha$ siRNA (m): sc-43677



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

The T cell receptor (TCR) is a heterodimer composed of either  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  or  $\gamma$  and  $\delta$  chains. CD3 chains and the CD4 or CD8 (CD8- $\alpha$  and CD8- $\beta$ ) co-receptors are also required for efficient signal transduction through the TCR. The TCR is expressed on T helper and T cytotoxic cells that can be distinguished by their expression of CD4 and CD8 proteins; T helper cells express CD4 proteins and T cytotoxic cells display CD8 proteins. CD8s are cell surface glycoproteins that exist as two chain complex ( $\alpha\alpha$  or  $\alpha\beta$ ) receptors that bind class I MHC molecules presented by the antigen-presenting cell (APC). A primary function of CD8 proteins is to facilitate antigen recognition by the TCR and to strengthen the avidity of the TCR-antigen interactions. An additional role for CD8-expressing T cells may be to maintain low levels of HIV expression.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Nakayama, K., et al. 1989. Structure and expression of the gene encoding CD8  $\alpha$  chain (Leu-2/T8). Immunogenetics 30: 393-397.
- 2. Allison, J.P., et al. 1991. The immunobiology of T cells with invariant  $\gamma$   $\delta$  antigen regions. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 9: 679-705.
- 3. Zuniga-Pflucker, J.C., et al. 1991. CD4 and CD8 act as co-receptors during thymic selection of the T cell repertoire. Semin. Immunol. 3: 167-175.
- Fleury, S.G., et al. 1991. CD4 and CD8 recognition of class II and class I molecules of the major histocompatibility complex. Semin. Immunol. 3: 177-185.
- Janeway, C.A., et al. 1992. The T cell receptor as a multicomponent signalling machine: CD4/CD8 coreceptors and CD45 in T cell activation. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 10: 645-674.
- Julius, M., et al. 1993. Distinct roles for CD4 and CD8 as co-receptors in antigen receptor signalling. Immunol. Today 14: 177-183.
- Ehrich, E.W., et al. 1993. T cell receptor interaction with peptide/major histocompatibility complex (MHC) and superantigen MHC ligands is dominated by antigen. J. Exp. Med. 178: 713-722.
- 8. Buseyne, F. and Riviere, Y. 1993. HIV-specific CD8+ T-cell immune responses and viral replication. AIDS 2: S81-S85.
- 9. Hogg, N., et al. 1999. A novel leukocyte adhesion deficiency caused by expressed but nonfunctional  $\beta 2$  integrins Mac-1 and LFA-1. J. Clin. Invest. 103: 97-106.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Cd8a (mouse) mapping to 6 C1.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **PRODUCT**

CD8- $\alpha$  siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CD8- $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-43677-SH and CD8- $\alpha$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43677-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CD8- $\alpha$  (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-43677A, sc-43677B and sc-43677C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

CD8- $\alpha$  siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of CD8- $\alpha$  expression in mouse cells.

# **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

# GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

CD8- $\alpha$  (53-6.7): sc-18913 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of CD8- $\alpha$  gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

# **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CD8- $\alpha$  gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CD8- $\alpha$  (m)-PR: sc-43677-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com