SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

GRK 5 (94-157): sc-4452 WB



BACKGROUND

Heterotrimeric G protein-mediated signal transduction is a dynamically regulated process with the intensity of signal decreasing over time despite the continued presence of the agonist. This phenomenon, referred to as agonist-mediated desensitization, involves phosphorylation of the receptor by two classes of enzymes. The first are the second messenger-regulated kinases such as c-AMP dependent protein kinase A and protein kinase C. The second are the G protein-coupled receptor kinases (GRKs). At least seven members of the GRK family have been identified. These include rhodopsin kinase, GRK 1; two forms of β -adrenergic receptor kinase, GRK 2 (β ARK, β ARK1) and GRK 3 (β ARK2); IT-11 (GRK 4); GRK 5, GRK 6 and GRK 7. Phosphorylation of receptors by GRKs appears to be strictly dependent on the receptor being in its agonist-activated state.

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SOURCE

GRK 5 (94-157) is expressed in *E. coli* as a 34 kDa tagged fusion protein corresponding to amino acids 94-157 of GRK 5 of human origin.

PRODUCT

GRK 5 (94-157) is purified from bacterial lysates (>98%) by glutathione agarose affinity chromatography; supplied as 10 μ g in 0.1 ml SDS-PAGE loading buffer.

APPLICATIONS

GRK 5 (94-157) is suitable as a Western blotting control for sc-11396.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C; stable for one year from the date of shipment.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.