IL-3 (hBA-133): sc-4594



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Interleukin-3, or IL-3, is a pleiotropic, 15 kDa cytokine that is primarily secreted by activated T lymphocytes and stimulates the proliferation and differentiation of hematopoietic cells. IL-3 not only supports growth of both pluripotent stem cells and the more differentiated committed progenitors, but it also stimulates the functional activity of some fully differentiated cells. IL-3 has also been shown to protect mast cells from undergoing apoptosis. IL-3 exerts its biological effects through a receptor which consists of a 70 kDa ligand-specific α subunit and a 120-140 kDa signal transducing β subunit common to the IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSF receptors. The carboxy terminus of the β subunit has been shown to be necessary for activation of the MAP kinase signaling pathway. Although the IL-3 receptor has no intrinsic kinase activity, stimulation with IL-3 leads to tyrosine phosphorylation of the JAK/Tyk 2 family member, JAK2, which in turn activates and causes nuclear translocation of Stat5a and Stat5b.

REFERENCES

- Ihle, J.N., Weinstein, Y., Keller, J., Henderson, L., Palaszynski, E. 1985. Interleukin 3. Meth. Enzymol. 116: 540-552.
- Yang, Y.C., et al. 1986. Human IL-3 (multi-CSF): identification by expression cloning of a novel hematopoietic growth factor related to murine IL-3. Cell 47: 3-10.
- Mekori, Y.A., Oh, C.K., Metcalfe, D,D. 1993. IL-3-dependent murine mast cells undergo apoptosis on removal of IL-3. Prevention of apoptosis by c-Kit ligand. J. Immunol. 151: 3775-3784.
- Magnelli, L., Cinelli, M., Turchetti, A., Chiarugi, V.P. 1993. Apoptosis induction in 32D cells by IL-3 withdrawal is preceded by a drop in the intracellular calcium level. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 194: 1394-1397.
- 5. Kinoshita, T., Yokota, T., Arai, K., Miyajima, A. 1995. Suppression of apoptotic death in hematopoietic cells by signalling through the IL-3/GM-CSF receptors. EMBO J. 14: 266-275.
- Mui, A.L., Wakao, H., Harada, N., O'Farrell, A.M., Miyajima, A. 1995. Interleukin-3, granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor and interleukin-5 transduce signals through two Stat5 homologs. EMBO J. 14: 1166-1175.
- 7. Bagley, C.J., Woodcock, J.M., Hercus, T.R., Shannon, M.F., Lopez, A.F. 1995. Interaction of GM-CSF and IL-3 with the common β -chain of their receptors. J. Leukocy. Biol. 57: 739-746.

SOURCE

IL-3 (hBA-133) is produced in *E. coli* as 42 kDa biologically active, GST-tagged fusion protein corresponding to 133 amino acids of IL-3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

IL-3 (hBA-133) is purified from bacterial lysates (>98%); supplied as 50 μ g purified protein.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

IL-3 (hBA-133) is biologically active as determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of the proliferation of human TF-1 cells.

Expected ED₅₀: <0.1 ng/ml.

Specific Activity: Greater than 1 x 10⁷ units/mg.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C; stable for one year from the date of shipment.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com