



Estrogen Receptor alpha siRNA (r): sc-45949

BACKGROUND

Estrogen receptors (ER) are members of the steroid/thyroid hormone receptor superfamily of ligand-activated transcription factors. Estrogen receptors, including ER α and ER β , contain DNA binding and ligand binding domains and are critically involved in regulating the normal function of reproductive tissues. They are located in the nucleus, though some estrogen receptors associate with the cell surface membrane and can be rapidly activated by exposure of cells to estrogen. ER α and ER β have been shown to be differentially activated by various ligands. Receptor-ligand interactions trigger a cascade of events, including dissociation from heat shock proteins, receptor dimerization, phosphorylation and the association of the hormone activated receptor with specific regulatory elements in target genes. Evidence suggests that ER α and ER β may be regulated by distinct mechanisms even though they share many functional characteristics.

REFERENCES

- Mason, B.H., et al. 1983. Progesterone and estrogen receptors as prognostic variables in breast cancer. *Cancer Res.* 43: 2985-2990.
- Evans, R.M. 1988. The steroid and thyroid hormone receptor superfamily. *Science* 240: 889-895.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Esr1 (rat) mapping to 1q11.

PRODUCT

Estrogen Receptor alpha siRNA (r) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Estrogen Receptor alpha shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-45949-SH and Estrogen Receptor alpha shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45949-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Estrogen Receptor alpha (r) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-45949A, sc-45949B and sc-45949C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Estrogen Receptor alpha siRNA (r) is recommended for the inhibition of Estrogen Receptor alpha expression in rat cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Estrogen Receptor alpha (D-12): sc-8005 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Estrogen Receptor alpha gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Estrogen Receptor alpha gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Estrogen Receptor alpha (r)-PR: sc-45949-PR (20 μ l, 587 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Hashimoto, R., et al. 2012. Ginsenoside Rb1 prevents MPP⁺-induced apoptosis in PC12 cells by stimulating estrogen receptors with consequent activation of ERK1/2, Akt and inhibition of SAPK/JNK, p38 MAPK. *Evid. Based Complement. Alternat. Med.* 2012: 693717.
- Meng, Q., et al. 2020. Liuwei Dihuang soft capsules inhibits the phenotypic conversion of VSMC to prevent the menopausal atherosclerosis by up-regulating the expression of myocardin. *J. Ethnopharmacol.* 246: 112207.
- Jiang, X., et al. 2021. Lipopolysaccharide-induced depression is associated with Estrogen Receptor alpha/SIRT1/NF κ B signaling pathway in old female mice. *Neurochem. Int.* 148: 105097.
- Li, H., et al. 2021. The retinoid X receptor α modulator K-80003 suppresses inflammatory and catabolic responses in a rat model of osteoarthritis. *Sci. Rep.* 11: 16956.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.