FcRn (K-12): sc-46328



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

FcRn present in the intestinal epithelium of neonatal mice and rats mediates the selective uptake of immunoglobulin G (lgG) in mothers' milk, thereby helping newborn animals to acquire passive immunity. FcRn (also designated FCGRT, Brambell receptor, FcRn α chain, lgG Gc receptor and neonatal Fc-receptor) is comprised of a heavy chain and β -2-Microglobulin. FcRn heavy chain shows approximately 35% amino acid identity to an MHC class I molecule. FcRN localizes in endosomes of vascular endothelial cells and selectively recycles lgG to the cell surface, thus protecting lgG from lysosomal catabolism. This protection mechanism is a major constituent for ensuring lgG are the longest lived of all plasma proteins.

REFERENCES

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- Detmer, S.A., et al. 2002. IgG transcytosis and recycling by FcRn expressed in MDCK cells reveals ligand-induced redistribution. EMBO J. 21: 5953.
- Zhou, J., et al. 2003. Generation of mutated variants of the human form of the MHC class I-related receptor, FcRn, with increased affinity for mouse immunoglobulin G. J. Mol. Biol. 332: 901-913.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FCGRT (human) mapping to 19q13.33; Fcgrt (mouse) mapping to 7 B4.

SOURCE

FcRn (K-12) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of FcRn of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-46328 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

FcRn (K-12) is recommended for detection of FcRn of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for FcRn siRNA (h): sc-45632, FcRn siRNA (m): sc-45633, FcRn shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-45632-SH, FcRn shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45633-SH, FcRn shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45632-V and FcRn shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45633-V.

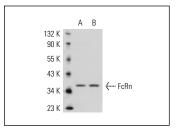
Molecular Weight of FcRn: 46 kDa.

Positive Controls: ES-2 cell lysate: sc-24674, JEG-3 whole cell lysate: sc-364255 or rat skeletal muscle extract: sc-364810.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



FcRn (K-12): sc-46328. Western blot analysis of FcRn expression in JEG-3 (A) and ES-2 (B) whole cell lysates.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Chang, A.M., et al. 2012. Albumin-induced apoptosis of glomerular parietal epithelial cells is modulated by extracellular signal-regulated kinase 1/2. Nephrol. Dial. Transplant. 27: 1330-1343.
- Gan, H., et al. 2012. Neonatal Fc receptor stimulation induces ubiquitin c-terminal hydrolase-1 overexpression in podocytes through activation of p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase. Hum. Pathol. 43: 1482-1490.