

Factor B (P21/15): sc-47679

BACKGROUND

The complement component proteins, C3, C4 and C5, are potent anaphylatoxins that are released during complement activation. Binding of these proteins to their respective G protein-coupled receptors, C3aR, C1R and C5aR, induces proinflammatory events, such as cellular degranulation, smooth muscle contraction, arachidonic acid metabolism, cytokine release, leukocyte activation and cellular chemotaxis. Complement Factor B, also designated Properdin Factor B or PBF2, is part of the alternate pathway of the complement system and is cleaved by Factor D into two fragments: Ba and Bb. Bb combines with complement Factor 3b to produce the C3 or C5 convertase and plays a role in the differentiation and proliferation of preactivated B lymphocytes, lysis of erythrocytes, stimulation of lymphocyte blastogenesis and rapid spreading of peripheral blood monocytes. Ba is important in inhibiting the proliferation of preactivated B lymphocytes. Adipsin, also designated complement Factor D, is a serine protease that cleaves complement Factor B and may be involved in obesity. Factor H controls the function of the alternative complement pathway. FHR-1 (complement Factor H related protein 1) may play a role in lipid metabolism.

REFERENCES

1. Woods, D.E., et al. 1982. Isolation of cDNA clones for the human complement protein Factor B, a class III major histocompatibility complex gene product. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 79: 5661-5665.
2. Campbell, R.D., et al. 1983. Molecular cloning and characterization of the gene coding for human complement protein Factor B. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80: 4464-4468.
3. Mole, J.E., et al. 1984. Complete primary structure for the zymogen of human complement Factor B. *J. Biol. Chem.* 259: 3407-3412.
4. Wu, L.C., et al. 1987. Cell-specific expression of the human complement protein Factor B gene: evidence for the role of two distinct 5'-flanking elements. *Cell* 48: 331-342.
5. Kolb, W.P., et al. 1989. Ba and Bb fragments of Factor B activation: fragment production, biological activities, neoepitope expression and quantitation in clinical samples. *Complement Inflamm.* 6: 175-204.
6. Niemann, M.A., et al. 1991. The principal site of glycation of human complement Factor B. *Biochem. J.* 274: 473-480.
7. Jing, H., et al. 2000. New structural motifs on the chymotrypsin fold and their potential roles in complement Factor B. *EMBO J.* 19: 164-173.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CFB (human) mapping to 6p21.33.

SOURCE

Factor B (P21/15) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against complement protein Factor B purified from human serum.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Factor B (P21/15) is recommended for detection of Complement Factor B Ba Fragment of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)].

Suitable for use as control antibody for Factor B siRNA (h): sc-44510, Factor B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44510-SH and Factor B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44510-V.

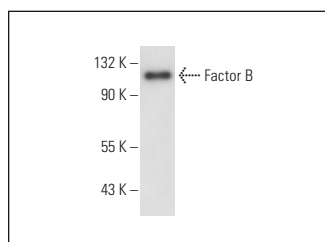
Molecular Weight of Factor B: 100 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

DATA



Factor B (P21/15): sc-47679. Western blot analysis of purified human Factor B.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Lin, C.M., et al. 2015. Expression of Wnt/β-catenin signaling, stem-cell markers and proliferating cell markers in rat whisker hair follicles. *J. Mol. Histol.* 46: 233-240.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.