## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# Rad23A (S-16): sc-49039



#### BACKGROUND

Mammalian cells express two Rad23 (genome repair protein) homologs, Rad23A (also designated HR23A) and Rad23B (also designated HR23B). In typical cells, mouse Rad23B is approximately ten times more abundant than mouse Rad23A. Endogenous XPC (xeroderma pigmentosum C protein) located in wildtype mouse embryonic fibroblasts is relatively stable; its steady-state level and stability appear to be significantly reduced by a targeted interruption of the mouse Rad23B gene, but not by that of mouse Rad23A. Loss of both mouse Rad23 genes causes a strong reduction of the XPC protein level. RAD23, the gene encoding for the Rad23 protein, is crucial for excision-repair of UV-damaged DNA. RAD23 resembles the other DNA repair genes, RAD2, RAD6, RAD7, RAD18 and RAD54, all of which also exhibit increased transcription in response to DNA damage and during meiosis. Rad23 is a nuclear protein containing a ubiquitin-like domain required for biological functions. It is a highly conserved protein involved in nucleotide excision repair (NER) that associates with the proteasome via its N-terminus. Its C-terminal ubiquitin-associated domain is evolutionarily conserved from yeast to humans. Rad23 may also act as a regulator for the activity of the 26S proteasome.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Elder, R.T., et al. 2002. Involvement of rhp23, a Schizosaccharomyces pombe homolog of the human hHR23A and Saccharomyces cerevisiae Rad23 nucleotide excision repair genes, in cell cycle control and protein ubiquitination. Nucleic Acids Res. 30: 581-591.
- 2. Ng, J.M., et al. 2003. A novel regulation mechanism of DNA repair by damage-induced and Rad23-dependent stabilization of xeroderma pigmentosum group C protein. Genes Dev. 17: 1630-1645.
- 3. Wang, Q., et al. 2003. Ubiguitin recognition by the DNA repair protein hHR23A. Biochemistry 42: 13529-13535.
- 4. Okuda, Y., et al. 2004. Relative levels of the two mammalian Rad23 homologs determine composition and stability of the xeroderma pigmentosum group C protein complex. DNA Repair 3: 1285-1295.
- 5. Kamionka, M., et al. 2004. Structure of the XPC binding domain of hHR23A reveals hydrophobic patches for protein interaction. Protein Sci. 13: 2370-2377.
- 6. Hsieh, H.C., et al. 2005. hHR23A, a human homolog of Saccharomyces cerevisiae Rad23, regulates xeroderma pigmentosum C protein and is required for nucleotide excision repair. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 335: 181-187.
- 7. Kim, B., et al. 2005. Solution structure and backbone dynamics of the XPCbinding domain of the human DNA repair protein hHR23B. FEBS J. 272: 2467-2476.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RAD23A (human) mapping to 19p13.2; Rad23a (mouse) mapping to 8 C3.

#### SOURCE

Rad23A (S-16) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Rad23A of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-49039 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

### **APPLICATIONS**

Rad23A (S-16) is recommended for detection of Rad23A of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Rad23A (S-16) is also recommended for detection of Rad23A in additional species, including equine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Rad23A siRNA (h): sc-61435, Rad23A siRNA (m): sc-61436, Rad23A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-61435-SH, Rad23A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-61436-SH, Rad23A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61435-V and Rad23A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61436-V.

Molecular Weight of Rad23A: 40 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try Rad23A (D-6): sc-365669, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to Rad23A (S-16).