## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# T1R3 (M-180): sc-50352



## BACKGROUND

The sense of taste provides animals with valuable information about the quality and nutritional value of food. There are four widely accepted categories of taste perception: sweet, bitter, salty and sour. A controversial fifth taste, known as umami or monosodium glutamate (MSG), has also been described. A family of G protein-coupled receptors are involved in taste perception and include T1R, which is involved in sweet and umami taste perception, and T2R, which is involved in bitter taste perception. The T1R family consists of three members: T1R1, T1R2 and T1R3. These proteins form heterodimers, which alter the selectivity of the subunits. The T1R2 and T1R3 heterodimer functions as a receptor for sweet taste, and recognizes several sweet-tasting molecules such as sucrose, saccharin, dulcin and acesulfame-K. The T1R1 and T1R3 heterodimer recognizes L-amino acids to perceive umami taste. Sweet taste transduction is carried out by two pathways. First, sucrose and other sugars activate Gas via the T1Rs, which activates adenylyl cyclase to generate cAMP. Artificial sweeteners bind to either  $G_{\beta \nu}$ - or  $G_{\alpha a}$ -coupled T1Rs to activate PLC B2 and generate IP3 and DAG. Both pathways ultimately lead to neurotransmitter release. The mouse T1R3 gene maps to chromosome 4 near the Sac locus, a primary determinant of sweet preference in mice. It is expressed in a subset of taste cells in circumvallate, foliate and fungiform taste papillae.

## REFERENCES

- Nelson, G., et al. 2001. Mammalian sweet taste receptors. Cell 106: 381-390.
- Montmayeur, J.P., et al. 2001. A candidate taste receptor gene near a sweet taste locus. Nat. Neurosci. 4: 492-498.
- Sainz, E., et al. 2001. Identification of a novel member of the T1R family of putative taste receptors. J. Neurochem. 77: 896-903.
- 4. Margolskee, R.F. 2002. Molecular mechanisms of bitter and sweet taste transduction. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 1-4.
- Li, X., et al. 2002. Human receptors for sweet and umami taste. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 99: 4692-4696.
- 6. Nelson, G., et al. 2002. An amino acid taste receptor. Nature 416: 199-202.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tas1r3 (mouse) mapping to 4 E2.

## SOURCE

T1R3 (M-180) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 320-499 mapping within an extracellular domain of T1R3 of mouse origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## APPLICATIONS

T1R3 (M-180) is recommended for detection of T1R3 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1–2  $\mu$ g per 100–500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for T1R3 siRNA (m): sc-45325, T1R3 siRNA (r): sc-72260, T1R3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45325-SH, T1R3 shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-72260-SH, T1R3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45325-V and T1R3 shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72260-V.

Molecular Weight of T1R3: 93.4 kDa.

Positive Controls: taste bud, bile duct or excretory duct cell.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

#### MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try **T1R3 (G-2): sc-398996**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to T1R3 (M-180).