SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Calgranulin C (H-40): sc-50451



BACKGROUND

The family of EF-hand type Ca2+-binding proteins includes Calbindin (previously designated vitamin D-dependent Ca²⁺-binding protein), S-100 α and β , calgranulins A (also designated MRP8), B (also designated MRP14) and C (S-100 like proteins), and the parvalbumin family members, including parvalbumin α and parvalbumin β (also designated oncomodulin). Calbindin, S-100 proteins and parvalbumin proteins are each expressed in neural tissues. In addition, S-100 α and β are present in a variety of other tissues, and Calbindin is present in intestine and kidney. Parvalbumin α is also found in fastcontracting/relaxing skeletal muscle fibers and parvalbumin β is found in many tumor tissues as well as in the organ of Corti. Calbindin, S-100 proteins and parvalbulmins have all been detected in leydig cells and testis. These proteins are thought to play a role in hormone production and spermatogenesis. Calgranulin is expressed in macrophages and epithelial cells.

REFERENCES

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- 3. Kagi, U., et al. 1988. Developmental appearance of the Ca²⁺-binding proteins parvalbumin, Calbindin D-28K, S-100 proteins and calmodulin during testicular development in the rat. Cell Tissue Res. 252: 359-365.
- 4. Zimmer, D.B., et al. 1991. Isolation of a rat S100 α cDNA and distribution of its mRNA in rat tissues. Brain Res. Bull. 27: 157-162.
- 5. Rickmann, M., et al. 1995. S100 protein expression in subpopulations of neurons of rat brain. Neuroscience 67: 977-991.
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- 7. Muntener, M., et al. 1995. Increase of skeletal muscle relaxation speed by direct injection of parvalbumin cDNA. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92: 6504-6508.
- 8. Hitomi, J., et al. 1996. A novel calcium-binding protein in amniotic fluid. CAAF1: its molecular cloning and tissue distribution. J. Cell. Sci. 109: 805-815.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: S100A12 (human) mapping to 1q21.

SOURCE

Calgranulin C (H-40) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 32-71 mapping within an internal region of Calgranulin C of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Calgranulin C (H-40) is recommended for detection of Calgranulin C of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Calgranulin C siRNA (h): sc-43346, Calgranulin C shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43346-SH and Calgranulin C shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43346-V.

Molecular Weight of Calgranulin C: 10.5 kDa.

Positive Controls: HL-60 + DMSO cell lysate: sc-24703.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible goat antirabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try Calgranulin C (19F5): sc-101347, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to Calgranulin C (H-40).