ALB (M-140): sc-50536



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Serum albumin (ALB), the main protein in plasma, has a very good binding capacity for water, fatty acids, calcium, sodium, bilirubin, hormones, potassium and drugs. The primary function of ALB is to regulate the colloidal osmotic pressure of blood. Albumin is synthesized in the liver as preproalbumin, which has an N-terminal peptide that is removed before the nascent protein is released from the rough endoplasmic reticulum. The product, proalbumin, is in turn cleaved in the Golgi vesicles to produce the secreted form of albumin. Mutations in the ALB gene may result in familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia (FDH), a form of euthyroid hyperthyroxinemia that is due to increased affinity of ALB for t(4). FDH is the most common cause of inherited euthyroid hyperthyroxinemia in Caucasian populations.

REFERENCES

- Ruiz, M., et al. 1982. Familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia: a syndrome that can be confused with thyrotoxicosis. N. Engl. J. Med. 306: 635-639.
- 2. Angelisova, P., et al. 1986. The characteristics of monoclonal antibodies against human albumin. Folia Biol. 32: 289-294.
- Bennett, P.H., et al. 1995. Screening and management of microalbuminuria in patients with diabetes mellitus: recommendations to the scientific advisory board of the national kidney foundation from an ad hoc committee of the council on diabetes. Am. J. Kidney Dis. 25: 107-112.
- Wachtell, K., et al. 2003. Albuminuria and cardiovascular risk in hypertensive patients with left ventricular hypertrophy: the LIFE study. Ann. Intern. Med. 139: 901-906.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Alb1 (mouse) mapping to 5 E1.

SOURCE

ALB (M-140) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 25-164 mapping near the N-terminus of serum albumin of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

ALB (M-140) is recommended for detection of ALB of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for ALB siRNA (m): sc-45607, ALB shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45607-SH and ALB shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45607-V.

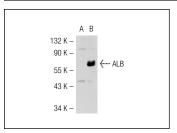
Molecular Weight of ALB: 66 kDa.

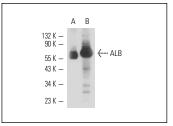
Positive Controls: ALB (m): 293T Lysate: sc-118327, mouse heart extract: sc-2254 or mouse liver extract: sc-2256.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA





ALB (M-140): sc-50536. Western blot analysis of ALB expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**)and mouse ALB transfected: sc-118327 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.

ALB (M-140): sc-50536. Western blot analysis of ALB expression in mouse PBL (A) whole cell lysate and mouse liver tissue extract (B).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Leyendecker, M., et al. 2011. Ceruloplasmin expression in rat liver cells is attenuated by Insulin: role of FoxO transcription factors. Horm. Metab. Res. 43: 268-274.
- Luo, N., et al. 2012. The C-terminal region of the hepatitis B virus X protein is required for its stimulation of HBV replication in primary mouse hepatocytes. Virus Res. 165: 170-178.
- 3. Zhang, H.F., et al. 2012. Regulation of the activity and expression of aryl hydrocarbon receptor by ethanol in mouse hepatic stellate cells. Alcohol. Clin. Exp. Res. 36: 1873-1881.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

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