SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

KVβ.1 (Q-13): sc-51106



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Voltage-gated K⁺ channels in the plasma membrane control the repolarization and the frequency of action potentials in neurons, muscles and other excitable cells. The KV gene family encodes more than 30 proteins that comprise the subunits of the K⁺ channels, and they vary in their gating and permeation properties, subcellular distribution and expression patterns. Functional KV channels assemble as tetramers consisting of pore-forming α subunits (KV), which include the KV1, KV2, KV3 and KV4 proteins, and accessory or KV-subunits that modify the gating properties of the coexpressed KV subunits. KV β .1 is an accessory K⁺ channel protein which regulates the activity of the poreforming α subunit. It is expressed in the brain, with highest levels detected in the caudate nucleus, hippocampus and thalamus. KV β .1 is also expressed in the amygdala, subthalamic nucleus and in both healthy and cardiomyopathic heart, where it is up to four times more abundant in the left ventricle than in the left atrium.

REFERENCES

- 1. Majumder, K., De Biasi, M., Wang, Z. and Wible, B.A. 1995. Molecular cloning and functional expression of a novel potassium channel β subunit from human atrium. FEBS Lett. 361: 13-16.
- 2. Morales, M.J., Castellino, R.C., Crews, A.L., Rasmusson, R.L. and Strauss, H.C. 1995. A novel β subunit increase potassium channel α subunits. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 6272-6277.
- 3. England, S.K., Uebele, V.N., Shear, H., Kodali, J., Bennett, P.B. and Tamkun, M.M. 1995. Characterization of a voltage-gated K+ channel β subunit expressed in human heart. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92: 6309-6313.
- 4. McCormack, K., McCormack, T., Tanouye, M., Rudy, B. and Stühmer, W. 1995. Alternative splicing of the human expression of the β 2 gene product. FEBS Lett. 370: 32-36.
- England, S.K., Uebele, V.N., Kodali, J., Bennett, P.B. and Tamkun, M.M. 1996. A novel K⁺ channel β-subunit (hKVβ 1.3) is produced via alternative mRNA splicing. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 28531-28534.
- 6. Leicher, T., Roeper, J., Weber, K., Wang, X. and Pongs, O. 1997. Structural and functional characterization of human potassium channel subunit β 1 (KCNA1B). Neuropharmacology 35: 787-795.
- 7. Leicher, T., Bähring, R., Isbrandt, D. and Pongs, O. 1999. Coexpression of the KCNA3B gene product with KV1.5 leads to a novel A-type potassium channel. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 35095-35101.
- Manganas, L.N. and Trimmer, J.S. 2000. Subunit composition determines KV1 potassium channel surface expression. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 29685-29693.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KCNAB1 (human) mapping to 3q26.1; Kcnab1 (mouse) mapping to 3 E1.

SOURCE

 $KV\beta.1$ (Q-13) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of $KV\beta.1$ of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-51106 P, (100 μg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

KVβ.1 (Q-13) is recommended for detection of KVβ.1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

 $KV\beta.1$ (Q-13) is also recommended for detection of $KV\beta.1$ in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for KV β .1 siRNA (h): sc-60903, KV β .1 siRNA (m): sc-60904, KV β .1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60903-SH, KV β .1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60904-SH, KV β .1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60903-V and KV β .1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60904-V.

Molecular Weight of KVB.1: 47 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.