α Tubulin (TU-16): sc-51503



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Tubulin is a major cytoskeleton component that has five distinct forms, designated $\alpha,\,\beta,\,\gamma,\,\delta$ and ϵ Tubulin. α and β Tubulins form heterodimers which multimerize to form a microtubule filament. There are five β Tubulin isoforms ($\beta1,\,\beta2,\,\beta3,\,\beta4A$ and $\beta4B$) that are expressed in mammalian tissues. $\beta1$ and $\beta4$ are present throughout the cytosol, $\beta2$ is present in the nuclei and nucleoplasm, and $\beta3$ is a neuron-specific cytoskeletal protein. γ Tubulin forms the gammasome, which is required for nucleating microtubule filaments at the centrosome. Both δ Tubulin and ϵ Tubulin are associated with the centrosome. δ Tubulin is a homolog of the $\it Chlamydomonas\,\delta$ Tubulin Uni3 and is found in association with the centrioles, whereas ϵ Tubulin localizes to the pericentriolar material. ϵ Tubulin exhibits a cell cycle-specific pattern of localization; first associating with only the older of the centrosomes in a newly duplicated pair, and later associating with both centrosomes.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Burns, R.G. 1991. α , β , and γ Tubulins: sequence comparisons and structural constraints. Cell Motil. Cytoskeleton 20: 181-189.
- 3. Zheng, Y., et al. 1991. γ Tubulin is present in *Drosophila melanogaster* and *Homo sapiens* and is associated with the centrosome. Cell 65: 817-823.
- Ludueña, R.F. 1998. Multiple forms of Tubulin: different gene products and covalent modifications. Int. Rev. Cytol. 178: 207-275.
- 5. Leask, A. and Stearns, T. 1998. Expression of amino and carboxyl-terminal γ and α Tubulin mutants in cultured epithelial cells. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 2661-2668.
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- 7. Modig, C., et al. 1999. Identification of βIII- and βIV-Tubulin isotypes in cold-adapted microtubules from Atlantic cod (*Gadus morhua*): antibody mapping and cDNA sequencing. Cell Motil. Cytoskeleton 42: 315-330.
- Woulfe, J. and Munoz, D. 2000. Tubulin immunoreactive neuronal intranuclear inclusions in the human brain. Neuropathol. Appl. Neurobiol. 26: 161-171.
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SOURCE

 α Tubulin (TU-16) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against porcine brain microtubule protein MTP-1.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgM in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

 α Tubulin (TU-16) is recommended for detection of α Tubulin of mouse, rat, human, bovine and porcine origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μg per 100-500 μg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Molecular Weight of α Tubulin: 55 kDa.

Positive Controls: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-mouse IgM-HRP: sc-2064 (dilution range: 1:500-1:5,000), TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein L PLUS-Agarose: sc-2336 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-mouse IgM-FITC: sc-2082 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-mouse IgM-TR: sc-2983 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Lu, L., et al. 2008. Dysregulation of matrix metalloproteinases and their tissue inhibitors is related to abnormality of left ventricular geometry and function in streptozotocin-induced diabetic minipigs. Int. J. Exp. Pathol. 89: 125-137.
- Zhang, J., et al. 2009. Hypoxic upregulation of preproendothelin-1 gene expression is associated with protein tyrosine kinase-PI3K signaling in cultured lung vascular endothelial cells. Int. J. Clin. Exp. Med. 2: 87-94.
- 3. Terruzzi, I., et al. 2010. Insulin-mimetic action of conglutin-γ, a lupin seed protein, in mouse myoblasts. Nutr. Metab. Cardiovasc. Dis. 21: 197-205.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

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