# HLA-G (MEM-G/9): sc-51678



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Major histocompatibility complex (MHC, human leukocyte antigen (HLA) molecules are cell-surface receptors that bind foreign peptides and present them to T lymphocytes. MHC class I molecules consist of two polypeptide chains, an  $\alpha$  or heavy chain, and a non-covalently associated protein,  $\beta$ -2-Microglobulin. Cytotoxic T lymphocytes bind antigenic peptides presented by MHC class I molecules. Antigens that bind to MHC class I molecules are typically 8-10 residues in length and are stabilized in a peptide binding groove. MHC class II molecules are encoded by polymorphic MHC genes and consist of a non-covalent complex of an  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  chain. Helper T lymphocytes bind antigenic peptides presented by MHC class II molecules. MHC class II molecules bind 13-18 amino acid antigenic peptides. Accumulating in endosomal/lysosomal compartments and on the surface of B cells, HLA-DM and -DO molecules regulate binding of exogenous peptides to class II molecules (HLA-DR) by sustaining a conformation that favors peptide exchange. The differential structural properties of MHC class I and class II molecules account for their respective roles in activating different populations of T lymphocytes.

# **REFERENCE**

- Fournel, S., et al. 2000. Comparative reactivity of different HLA-G monoclonal antibodies to soluble HLA-G molecules. Tissue Antigens 55: 510-518.
- Lozano, J.M., et al. 2002. Monocytes and T lymphocytes in HIV-1-positive patients express HLA-G molecule. AIDS 16: 347-351.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: HLA-G (human) mapping to 6p22.1.

# SOURCE

HLA-G (MEM-G/9) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant HLA-G of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g \; lg G_1$  in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## **APPLICATIONS**

HLA-G (MEM-G/9) is recommended for detection of native form of HLA-G on the cell surface as well as soluble HLA-G5 isoform in the  $\beta$ -2-Microglobulin associated form of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μg per 100-500 μg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1 μg per 1 x  $10^6$  cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for HLA-G siRNA (h): sc-42920, HLA-G shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42920-SH and HLA-G shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42920-V.

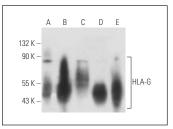
Molecular Weight of HLA-G: 39 kDa.

Positive Controls: K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203, Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204 or Ramos cell lysate: sc-2216.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **DATA**



HLA-G (MEM-G/9): sc-51678. Western blot analysis of HLA-G expression in Raji (A), K-562 (B), SCC-4 (C), Jurkat (D) and Ramos (E) whole cell lysates.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Verloes, A., et al. 2011. HLA-G expression in human embryonic stem cells and preimplantation embryos. J. Immunol. 186: 2663-2671.
- Deuse, T., et al. 2011. Immunogenicity and immunomodulatory properties of umbilical cord lining mesenchymal stem cells. Cell Transplant. 20: 655-667.
- Stubbendorff, M., et al. 2013. Immunological properties of extraembryonic human mesenchymal stromal cells derived from gestational tissue. Stem Cells Dev. 22: 2619-2629.
- 4. De Paepe, C., et al. 2013. Human trophectoderm cells are not yet committed. Hum. Reprod. 28: 740-749.
- 5. Ezeakile, M., et al. 2014. HLA-G dimers in the prolongation of kidney allograft survival. J. Immunol. Res. 2014: 153981.
- Agnihotri, V., et al. 2020. Serum sHLA-G: significant diagnostic biomarker with respect to therapy and immunosuppressive mediators in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma. Sci. Rep. 10: 3806.
- 7. lo, S., et al. 2021. Capturing human trophoblast development with naive pluripotent stem cells *in vitro*. Cell Stem Cell 28: 1023-1039.e13.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.



See **HLA-G (4H84): sc-21799** for HLA-G antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor $^{\circledR}$  488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.