# Monomethyl Histone H3 (1C2): sc-517569



The Power to Overtio

#### **BACKGROUND**

Eukaryotic histones are basic and water soluble nuclear proteins that form hetero-octameric nucleosome particles by wrapping 146 base pairs of DNA in a left-handed super-helical turn sequentially to form chromosomal fiber. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form the octamer; formed of two H2A-H2B dimers and two H3-H4 dimers, forming two nearly symmetrical halves by tertiary structure. Over 80% of nucleosomes contain the linker Histone H1, derived from an intronless gene, that interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and mediates compaction into higher order chromatin. Histones are subject to posttranslational modification by enzymes primarily on their N-terminal tails, but also in their globular domains. Such modifications include methylation, citrullination, acetylation, phosphorylation, sumoylation, ubiquitination and ADP-ribosylation.

# **REFERENCES**

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# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: HIST1H3A (human) mapping to 6p22.2; Hist1h3a (mouse) mapping to 13 A3.1.

#### SOURCE

Monomethyl Histone H3 (1C2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing Lys 79 methylated Histone H3 of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Monomethyl Histone H3 (1C2) is recommended for detection of Lys 79 methylated Histone H3 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000).

Molecular Weight of Monomethyl Histone H3: 15 kDa.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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