## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# Diphtheria Toxin (3B6): sc-51868



## BACKGROUND

Corynebacterium diphtheriae is a gram-positive, nonmotile aerobic bacteria found in soil and animal feces. *C. diphteriae* bacteria infect the epithelial cells of the upper respiratory tract from where they produce and secrete a potent toxin which is absorbed and disseminated through lymph channels and blood to the susceptible tissues of the body. Diphtheria Toxin catalyzes the ADP-ribosylation and inactivation of eEF-2. The structure of the diphtheria toxin reveals a Y-shaped molecule of 3 domains: a catalytic domain (fragment A), whose fold is of the  $\alpha + \beta$  type, a transmembrane (TM) domain consisting of 9  $\alpha$ -helices, 2 pairs of which may participate in pH-triggered membrane insertion and translocation, and a receptor-binding domain, which forms a flattened  $\beta$ -barrel with a jelly-roll-like topology. Together the TM- and receptor binding-domains constitute fragment B.

## REFERENCES

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### SOURCE

Diphtheria Toxin (3B6) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against *Diphtheria* toxoid.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g~lg G_1$  in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## APPLICATIONS

Diphtheria Toxin (3B6) is recommended for detection of different determinants of Diphtheria toxin and anatoxin of *Corynebacterium diphtheriae* origin by solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of Diphtheria Toxin A: 21 kDa.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.