Diphtheria Toxin A (7F2): sc-51869



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Corynebacterium diphtheriae is a Gram-positive, nonmotile aerobic bacteria found in soil and animal feces. C. diphteriae bacteria infect the epithelial cells of the upper respiratory tract and, from there, produce and secrete a potent toxin which is absorbed and disseminated through lymph channels and blood to the susceptible tissues of the body. Diphtheria Toxin catalyzes the ADP-ribosylation and inactivation of eEF-2. The structure of Diphtheria Toxin reveals a Y-shaped molecule of three domains: a catalytic domain (fragment A), whose fold is of the $\alpha+\beta$ type; a transmembrane (TM) domain consisting of nine α -helices, two pairs of which may participate in pH-triggered membrane insertion and translocation; and a receptor-binding domain, which forms a flattened β -barrel with a jelly-roll-like topology. Together the TM- and receptor binding-domains constitute fragment B.

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SOURCE

Diphtheria Toxin A (7F2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against Diphtheria Toxoid A.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 $\mu g \; lg G_1$ in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

Diphtheria Toxin A (7F2) is recommended for detection of epitope exposed on free A subunit and on whole Diphtheria Toxin molecule of *Corynebacterium diphtheriae* origin by solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of Diphtheria Toxin A: 21 kDa.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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