

IgM heavy chain (1F4): sc-52008

BACKGROUND

Immunoglobulin M (IgM) is the largest circulating antibody molecule in the human body. It consists of a heavy chain (μ chain) and a light chain (κ or λ chain), as well as five base units and ten binding sites, though it cannot bind all ten simultaneously because of steric hindrance. IgM chain C refers to the constant region of the IgM heavy chain that is involved in immune regulation. IgM forms polymers by covalently linking multiple immunoglobulins together with disulfide bonds. It normally exists as a pentamer, but occasionally as a hexamer. Because of its polymeric nature, IgM has high avidity, and it is especially effective at complement activation. Due to its large size, IgM does not diffuse well, and it is found in the interstitium in very low amounts. IgM is mainly found in serum, however, because of the J chain, it is also important as a secretory immunoglobulin. IgM is the first immunoglobulin expressed by mature B cells, and it normally appears early in the course of an infection and does not reappear after further exposure.

REFERENCES

- Liu, C.P., Tucker, P.W., Mushinski, J.F. and Blattner, F.R. 1980. Mapping of heavy chain genes for mouse immunoglobulins M and D. *Science* 209: 1348-1353.
- Richards, J.E., Gilliam, A.C., Shen, A., Tucker, P.W. and Blattner, F.R. 1983. Unusual sequences in the murine immunoglobulin μ - δ heavy-chain region. *Nature* 306: 483-487.
- Dahan, A., Reynaud, C.A. and Weill, J.C. 1983. Nucleotide sequence of the constant region of a chicken μ heavy chain immunoglobulin mRNA. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 11: 5381-5389.
- Erber, W.N., Falini, B., Ghosh, A.K., Moir, D.J. and Mason, D.Y. 1983. Immuno-alkaline phosphatase labelling of haematological samples with monoclonal antibodies. In Feldman, G., ed., *Proceedings of the 2nd International Symposium on Immunoenzymatic Techniques*. Amsterdam: Elsevier/North-Holland Biomedical Press, 29-40.
- Leptin, M. 1985. Monoclonal antibodies specific for murine IgM. II. Activation of B lymphocytes by monoclonal antibodies specific for the four constant domains of IgM. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 15: 131-137.
- Mathur, A., Lynch, R.G. and Köhler, G. 1988. Expression, distribution and specificity of Fc receptors for IgM on murine B cells. *J. Immunol.* 141: 1855-1862.
- Goldsby, R., Kindt, T.J. and Osborne, B.A. 1992. *Kuby Immunology*. New York: W.H. Freeman and Company.
- Reitan, S.K. and Hannestad, K. 2002. Immunoglobulin heavy chain constant regions regulate immunity and tolerance to idiotypes of antibody variable regions. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 99: 7588-7593.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IGHM (human) mapping to 14p13.

SOURCE

IgM heavy chain (1F4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against IgM of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μ g IgG₁ in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

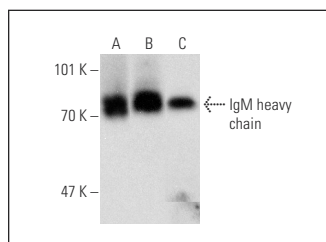
IgM heavy chain (1F4) is recommended for detection of heavy chain of IgM of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000).

Molecular Weight of IgM heavy (μ) chain: 76-92 kDa.

Molecular Weight of IgM light (κ/λ) chain: 25-30 kDa.

Positive Controls: Ramos cell lysate: sc-2216, BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207 or U-698-M whole cell lysate: sc-364799.

DATA



IgM heavy chain (1F4): sc-52008. Western blot analysis of IgM heavy chain expression in U-698-M (A), Ramos (B) and BJAB (C) whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.