# DC-SIGN (DCN47.5): sc-52660



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Dendritic cells (DCs) are antigen-presenting immune system cells that are present on peripheral mucosal tissues and migrate to lymphoid tissues. DC-SIGN (DC-specific ICAM-3 grabbing nonintegrin) is a type II membrane protein that is exclusively expressed by DCs. DC-SIGN, also designated CD209, binds to ICAM-3 to mediate the initial interaction between DCs and resting T cells through the immunological synapse. The DCs that are present in the initial sites of HIV-1 infection capture HIV-1 through DC-SIGN, which then facilitates the migration of DCs to areas of T cell-rich secondary lymphoid organs, where it promotes efficient trans HIV-1 infection of those T cells. DC-SIGN functions to transport HIV-1 from exposed mucosal surfaces to a lymphoid compartment.

# **REFERENCES**

- Curtis, B.M., Scharnowske, S. and Watson A.J. 1992. Sequence and expression of a membrane-associated C-type lectin that exhibits its CD2independent binding of human immuno-deficiency virus envelope glycoprotein gp120. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89: 8356-8360.
- Steinman, R.M. 2000. DC-SIGN: A guide to some mysteries of dendritic cells. Cell 100: 491-494.
- Geijtenbeek, T.B., Torensma, R., van Vliet, S.J., van Duijnhoven, G.C., Adema, G., van Kooyk, Y. and Figdor C.G. 2000. Identification of DC-SIGN, a novel dendritic cell-specific ICAM-3 receptor that supports primary immune responses. Cell 100: 575-585.
- Geijtenbeek, T.B., Kwon, D.S., Torensma, R., van Vliet, S.J., van Duijnhoven, G.C., Middel, J., Cornelissen, I.L., Nottet, H.S., KewalRamani, V.N, Littman D.R., Figdor, C.G. and van Kooyk, Y. 2000. DC-SIGN, a dendritic cell-specific HIV-1-binding protein that enhances trans-infection of T cells. Cell 100: 587-597.
- Cohen, J. 2000. Novel protein delivers HIV to target cells. Science 287: 1567-1568.
- 6. Steinberg, D. 2000. Receptor Boosts HIV Infection. Scientist 14: 12.
- 7. Whelan, K.T., Lin, C.L., Cella, M., McMichael, A.J., Austyn, J.M. and Rowland-Jones, S.L. 2003. The HIV protease inhibitor indinavir reduces immature dendritic cell transendothelial migration. Eur. J. Immunol. 33: 2520-3250.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: CD209 (human) mapping to 19p13.2.

#### SOURCE

DC-SIGN (DCN47.5) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against DC-SIGN of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g \; lg G_1$  in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

DC-SIGN (DCN47.5) is recommended for detection of DC-SIGN of human origin by flow cytometry (1  $\mu$ g per 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for DC-SIGN siRNA (h): sc-43719, DC-SIGN shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43719-SH and DC-SIGN shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43719-V.

Molecular Weight of DC-SIGN: 44 kDa.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com